

## X.

## AS YOU LIKE IT.

## PERSONS REPRESENTED.

DUKE, *living in exile.*  
 FREDERICK, *Brother to the Duke, and Usurper of his dominions.*  
 AMIENS, } *Lords attending upon the Duke in his banishment.*  
 JAQUES, }  
 LE BEAU, *a Courtier attending upon Frederick.*  
 CHARLES, *his Wrestler.*  
 OLIVER, }  
 JAQUES, } *Sons of Sir Rowland de Bois.*  
 ORLANDO, }  
 ADAM, } *Servants to Oliver.*  
 DENNIS, }

TOUCHSTONE, *a Clown.*  
 SIR OLIVER MAR-TEXT, *a Vicar.*  
 CORIN, } *Shepherds.*  
 SYLVIVUS, }  
 WILLIAM, *a Country Fellow, in love with Audrey.*  
 A Person representing *Hymen.*  
 ROSALIND, *Daughter to the banished Duke.*  
 CELIA, *Daughter to Frederick.*  
 PHEBE, *a Shepherdess.*  
 AUDREY, *a Country Wench.*  
 Lords belonging to the two Dukes; Pages, Foresters, and other Attendants.

SCENE — *lies, first, near Oliver's House; afterwards, partly in the Usurper's Court, and partly in the Forest of Arden.*

## ACT I.

SCENE I. *An Orchard, near Oliver's House.*

*Enter ORLANDO and ADAM.*

*Orlando.*

As I remember, Adam, it was upon this fashion bequeathed me: By will, but a poor thousand crowns: <sup>1)</sup> and, as thou say'st, charged my brother, on his blessing, to breed me well: and there begins my sadness. My brother Jaques he keeps at school, and report speaks goldenly of his profit: for my part, he keeps me rustically at home, or, to speak more properly, stays me here at home unkept; <sup>2)</sup> For call you that keeping for a gentleman of my birth, that differs not from the stalling of an ox? His horses are bred better: for, besides that they are fair with their feeding, they are taught their manage, and to that end riders dearly hired: but I, his brother, gain nothing under him but growth; for the which his animals on his dunghills are as much bound to him as I. Besides this nothing that he so plentifully gives me, the something that nature gave me, his countenance seems to take from me; he lets me feed with his hinds, bars me the place of a brother, and, as much as in him lies, mines my gentility with my education. This is it, Adam, that grieves me; and the spirit of my father, which I think is within me, begins to mutiny against this servitude: I will no longer endure it, though yet I know no wise remedy how to avoid it.

*Enter OLIVER.*

*Adam.* Yonder comes my master, your brother.

*Orl.* Go apart, Adam, and thou shalt hear how he will shake me up.

*Oli.* Now, sir! what make you here? <sup>3)</sup>

*Orl.* Nothing: I am not taught to make any thing.

*Oli.* What mar you then, sir?

*Orl.* Marry, sir, I am helping you to mar that

which God made, a poor unworthy brother of yours, with idleness.

*Oli.* Marry, sir, be better employed, and be naught awhile. <sup>4)</sup>

*Orl.* Shall I keep your hogs, and eat husks with them? What prodigal portion have I spent, that I should come to such penury?

*Oli.* Know you where you are, sir?

*Orl.* O, sir, very well: here in your orchard.

*Oli.* Know you before whom, sir?

*Orl.* Ay, better than he <sup>5)</sup> I am before knows me. I know, you are my eldest brother: and, in the gentle condition of blood, you should so know me: The courtesy of nations allows you my better, in that you are the first-born; but the same tradition takes not away my blood, were there twenty brothers betwixt us: I have as much of my father in me, as you; albeit, I confess, your coming before me is nearer to his reverence. <sup>6)</sup>

*Oli.* What, boy!

*Orl.* Come, come, elder brother, you are too young in this.

*Oli.* Wilt thou lay hands on me, villain?

*Orl.* I am no villain: <sup>7)</sup> I am the youngest son of sir Rowland de Bois: he was my father; and he is thrice a villain, that says, such a father begot villains: Wert thou not my brother, I would not take this hand from thy throat, till this other had pull'd out thy tongue for saying so! thou hast rail'd on thyself.

*Adam.* Sweet masters, be patient; for your father's remembrance, be at accord.

*Oli.* Let me go, I say.

*Orl.* I will not, till I please: you shall hear me. My father charged you in his will to give me good education: you have trained me like a peasant, obscuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities: the spirit of my father grows strong in me, and I will no longer endure it: therefore allow me such exercises as may become a gentleman, or

give me the poor allottery my father left me by testament; with that I will go buy my fortunes.

*Oli.* And what wilt thou do? beg, when that is spent? Well, sir, get you in: I will not long be troubled with you: you shall have some part of your will: I pray you leave me.

*Orl.* I will no further offend you than becomes me for my good.

*Oli.* Get you with him, you old dog.

*Adam.* Is old dog my reward? Most true, I have lost my teeth in your service. — God be with my old master! he would not have spoke such a word.

[*Exeunt ORLANDO and ADAM.*]

*Oli.* Is it even so? begin you to grow upon me? I will physic your rankness, and yet give no thousand crowns neither. Hola, Dennis!

*Enter DENNIS.*

*Den.* Calls your worship?

*Oli.* Was not Charles, the Duke's wrestler, here to speak with me?

*Den.* So please you, he is here at the door, and importunes access to you.

*Oli.* Call him in. [*Exit DENNIS.*] — 'Twill be a good way: and to-morrow the wrestling is.

*Enter CHARLES.*

*Cha.* Good morrow to your worship.

*Oli.* Good monsieur Charles! — what's the new news at the new court?

*Cha.* There's no news at the court, sir, but the old news: that is, the old duke is banished by his younger brother the new duke; and three or four loving lords have put themselves into voluntary exile with him, whose lands and revenues enrich the new duke; therefore he gives them good leave <sup>8)</sup> to wander.

*Oli.* Can you tell, if Rosalind, the duke's daughter, be banished with her father?

*Cha.* O, no; for the duke's daughter, <sup>9)</sup> her cousin, so loves her, — being ever from their cradles bred together, — that she would have followed her exile, or have died to stay behind her. She is at the court, and no less beloved of her uncle than his own daughter; and never two ladies loved as they do.

*Oli.* Where will the old duke live?

*Cha.* They say, he is already in the forest of <sup>10)</sup> Arden, and a many merry men with him; and there they live like the old Robin Hood of England: they say many young gentlemen flock to him every day; and fleet the time carelessly, as they did in the golden world.

*Oli.* What, you wrestle to-morrow before the new duke?

*Cha.* Marry, do I, sir; and I came to acquaint you with a matter. I am given, sir, secretly to understand, that your younger brother, Orlando, hath a disposition to come in disguis'd against me to try a fall: To-morrow, sir, I wrestle for my credit; and he that escapes me without some broken limb, shall acquit him well. Your brother is but young and tender; and, for your love, I would be loath to foil him, as I must, for my own honour, if he come in: therefore, out of my love to you, I came hither to acquaint you withal; that either you might stay him from his intentment, or brook such disgrace well as he shall run into; in that it is a thing of his own search, and altogether against my will.

*Oli.* Charles, I thank thee for thy love to me, which thou shalt find I will most kindly requite. I had myself notice of my brother's purpose herein,

and have by underhand means laboured to dissuade him from it; but he is resolute. I'll tell thee, Charles, — it is the stubbornest young fellow of France; full of ambition, an envious emulator of every man's good parts, a secret and villainous contriver against me his natural brother; therefore use thy discretion; I had as lief thou didst break his neck as his finger: And thou wert best look to't; for if thou dost him any slight disgrace, or if he do not mightily grace himself on thee, he will practise against thee, by poison, entrap thee by some treacherous device, and never leave thee till he hath ta'en thy life by some indirect means or other; for, I assure thee, and almost with tears I speak it, there is not one so young and so villainous this day living. I speak but brotherly of him; but should I anatomise him to thee as he is, I must blush and weep, and thou must look pale and wonder.

*Cha.* I am heartily glad I came hither to you: If he come to-morrow, I'll give him his payment: If ever he go alone again, I'll never wrestle for prize more: And so, God keep your worship! [*Exit.*]

*Oli.* Farewell, good Charles. — Now will I stir this gamester: <sup>11)</sup> I hope, I shall see an end of him; for my soul, yet I know not why, hates nothing more than he. Yet he's gentle; never school'd, and yet learned; full of noble device; of all sorts <sup>12)</sup> enchantingly belov'd; and, indeed, so much in the heart of the world, and especially of my own people, who best know him, that I am altogether misprised: but it shall not be so long; this wrestler shall clear all: nothing remains, but that I kindle the boy thither, which now I'll go about. [*Exit.*]

## SCENE II.

*A Lawn before the Duke's Palace.*

*Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.*

*Cel.* I pray thee, Rosalind, sweet my coz, be merry.  
*Ros.* Dear Celia, I show more mirth than I am mistress of; and would you yet I were merrier? Unless you could teach me to forget a banished father, you must not learn me how to remember any extraordinary pleasure.

*Cel.* Herein, I see, thou lovest me not with the full weight that I love thee: if my uncle, thy banished father, had banished thy uncle, the duke my father, so thou hadst been still with me, I could have taught my love to take thy father for mine; so would'st thou, if the truth of thy love to me were so righteously temper'd as mine is to thee.

*Ros.* Well, I will forget the condition of my estate, to rejoice in yours.

*Cel.* You know, my father hath no child but I, nor none is like to have; and, truly, when he dies, thou shalt be his heir; for what he hath taken away from thy father perforce, I will render thee again in affection; by mine honour, I will: and when I break that oath, let me turn monster; therefore, my sweet Rose, my dear Rose, be merry.

*Ros.* From henceforth, I will, coz, and devise sports: let me see; What think you of falling in love?

*Cel.* Marry, I pr'ythee, do, to make sport withal: but love no man in good earnest; nor no further in sport neither, than with safety of a pure blush thou may'st in honour come off again.

*Ros.* What shall be our sport then?

*Cel.* Let us sit and mock the good housewife, Fortune, from her wheel, <sup>13)</sup> that her gifts may henceforth be bestowed equally.

*Ros.* I would, we could do so; for her benefits are mightily misplaced: and the bountiful blind woman doth most mistake in her gifts to women.

*Cel.* 'Tis true: for those that she makes fair, she scarce makes honest; and those, that she makes honest, she makes very ill-favour'dly.

*Ros.* Nay, now thou goest from fortune's office to nature's: fortune reigns in gifts of the world, not in the lineaments of nature.

*Enter TOUCHSTONE.*

*Cel.* No: When nature hath made a fair creature, may she not by fortune fall into the fire? — Though nature hath given us wit to flout at fortune, hath not fortune sent in this fool to cut off the argument?

*Ros.* Indeed, there is fortune too hard for nature; when fortune makes nature's natural the cutter off of nature's wit.

*Cel.* Peradventure, this is not fortune's work neither, but nature's; who perceiving our natural wits too dull to reason of such goddesses, hath sent this natural for our whetstone: <sup>14)</sup> for always the dullness of the fool is the whetstone of his wits. — How now, wit? whither wander you?

*Touch.* Mistress, you must come away to your father.

*Cel.* Were you made the messenger?

*Touch.* No, by mine honour; but I was bid to come for you.

*Ros.* Where learned you that oath, fool?

*Touch.* Of a certain knight, that swore by his honour they were good pancakes, and swore by his honour the mustard was naught: now, I'll stand to it, the pancakes were naught, and the mustard was good; and yet was not the knight forsworn.

*Cel.* How prove you that, in the great heap of your knowledge?

*Ros.* Ay, marry; now unmuzzle your wisdom.

*Touch.* Stand you both forth now: stroke your chins, and swear by your beards that I am a knave.

*Cel.* By our beards, if we had them, thou art.

*Touch.* By my knavery, if I had it, then I were: but if you swear by that that is not, you are not forsworn: no more was this knight, swearing by his honour, for he never had any: or if he had, he had sworn it away, before ever he saw those pancakes or that mustard.

*Cel.* Pr'ythee, who is't that thou mean'st?

*Touch.* One that old Frederick, your father, loves.

*Cel.* My father's love is enough to honour him. Enough! speak no more of him: you'll be whipp'd for taxation, <sup>15)</sup> one of these days.

*Touch.* The more pity, that fools may not speak wisely, what wise men do foolishly.

*Cel.* By my troth, thou say'st true: for since the little wit, that fools have, was silenced, <sup>16)</sup> the little foolery, that wise men have, makes a great show. Here comes Monsieur Le Beau.

*Enter LE BEAU.*

*Ros.* With his mouth full of news.

*Cel.* Which he will put on us, as pigeons feed their young.

*Ros.* Then shall we be news-cramm'd.

*Cel.* All the better; we shall be the more marketable. *Bon jour*, Monsieur Le Beau: What's the news?

*Le Beau.* Fair princess, you have lost much good sport.

*Cel.* Sport? Of what colour?

*Le Beau.* What colour, madam? How shall I answer you?

*Ros.* As wit and fortune will.

*Touch.* Or as the destinies decree.

*Cel.* Well said; that was laid on with a trowel. <sup>17)</sup>

*Touch.* Nay, if I keep not my rank, —

*Ros.* Thou lovest thy old smell.

*Le Beau.* You amaze me, <sup>18)</sup> ladies: I would have told you of good wrestling, which you have lost the sight of.

*Ros.* Yet tell us the manner of the wrestling.

*Le Beau.* I will tell you the beginning, and, if it please your ladyships, you may see the end; for the best is yet to do; and here, where you are, they are coming to perform it.

*Cel.* Well, — the beginning, that is dead and buried.

*Le Beau.* There comes an old man, and his three sons, —

*Cel.* I could match this beginning with an old tale.

*Le Beau.* Three proper young men, of excellent growth and presence; —

*Ros.* With bills on their necks, — *Be it known unto all men by these presents,* <sup>19)</sup> —

*Le Beau.* The eldest of the three wrestled with Charles, the duke's wrestler; which Charles in a moment threw him, and broke three of his ribs, that there is little hope of life in him: so he served the second, and so the third: Yonder they lie; the poor old man, their father, making such pitiful dole over them, that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

*Ros.* Alas!

*Touch.* But what is the sport, monsieur, that the ladies have lost?

*Le Beau.* Why, this that I speak of.

*Touch.* Thus men may grow wiser every day! it is the first time that ever I heard, breaking of ribs was sport for ladies.

*Cel.* Or I, I promise thee.

*Ros.* But is there any else longs to see this broken music in his sides? <sup>20)</sup> is there yet another dotes upon rib-breaking? — Shall we see this wrestling, cousin?

*Le Beau.* You must if you stay here: for here is the place appointed for the wrestling, and they are ready to perform it.

*Cel.* Yonder, sure, they are coming: Let us now stay and see it.

*Flourish. Enter Duke FREDERICK, Lords, ORLANDO, CHARLES, and Attendants.*

*Duke F.* Come on; since the youth will not be entreated, his own peril on his forwardness.

*Ros.* Is yonder the man?

*Le Beau.* Even he, madam.

*Cel.* Alas, he is too young: yet he looks successfully.

*Duke F.* How now, daughter, and cousin? are you crept hither to see the wrestling?

*Ros.* Ay, my liege: so please you give us leave.

*Duke F.* You will take little delight in it, I can tell you, there is such odds in the men: In pity of the challenger's youth, I would fain dissuade him, but he will not be entreated: Speak to him, ladies; see if you can move him.

*Cel.* Call him hither, good Monsieur Le Beau.

*Duke F.* Do so; I'll not be by. [*Duke goes apart.*]

*Le Beau.* Monsieur the challenger, the princesses call for you.

*Orl.* I attend them, with all respect and duty.

*Ros.* Young man, have you challenged Charles the wrestler?

*Orl.* No, fair princess; he is the general challenger: I come but in, as others do, to try with him the strength of my youth.

*Cel.* Young gentleman, your spirits are too bold for your years: You have seen cruel proof of this man's strength: if you saw yourself with your eyes, or knew yourself with your judgment, <sup>21)</sup> the fear of your adventure would counsel you to a more equal

enterprise. We pray you, for your own sake, to embrace your own safety, and give over this attempt.

*Ros.* Do, young sir; your reputation shall not therefore be misprised: we will make it our suit to the duke, that the wrestling might not go forward.

*Orl.* I beseech you, punish me not with your hard thoughts: wherein I confess me much guilty, to deny so fair and excellent ladies any thing. But let your fair eyes, and gentle wishes, go with me to my trial: wherein if I be foiled, there is but one shamed that was never gracious; if killed, but one dead that is willing to be so: I shall do my friends no wrong, for I have none to lament me: the world no injury, for in it I have nothing; only in the world I fill up a place, which may be better supplied when I have made it empty.

*Ros.* The little strength that I have, I would it were with you.

*Cel.* And mine, to eke out hers.

*Ros.* Fare you well. Pray heaven I be deceived in you!

*Cel.* Your heart's desires be with you.

*Cha.* Come, where is this young gallant, that is so desirous to lie with his mother earth?

*Orl.* Ready, sir; but his will hath in it a more modest working.

*Duke F.* You shall try but one fall.

*Cha.* No, I warrant your grace; you shall not entreat him to a second, that have so mightily persuaded him from a first.

*Orl.* You mean to mock me after; you should not have mocked me before; but come your ways.

*Ros.* Now, Hercules be thy speed, young man!

*Cel.* I would I were invisible, to catch the strong fellow by the leg. [*CHARLES and ORLANDO wrestle.*]

*Ros.* O excellent young man!

*Cel.* If I had a thunderbolt in mine eye, I can tell who should down. [*CHARLES is thrown. Shout.*]

*Duke F.* No more, no more.

*Orl.* Yes, I beseech your grace; I am not yet well breath'd.

*Duke F.* How dost thou, Charles?

*Le Beau.* He cannot speak, my lord.

*Duke F.* Bear him away. [*CHARLES is borne out.*]

What is thy name, young man?

*Orl.* Orlando, my liege; the youngest son of sir Rowland de Bois.

*Duke F.* I would thou hadst been son to some man else.

The world esteem'd thy father honourable, But I did find him still mine enemy:

Thou shouldst have better pleas'd me with this deed, Hadst thou descended from another house.

But fare thee well; thou art a gallant youth; I would, thou hadst told me of another father.

[*Exit Duke FRED. Train, and LE BEAU.*]

*Cel.* Were I my father, coz, would I do this?

*Orl.* I am more proud to be sir Rowland's son, His youngest son; — and would not change that calling, <sup>22)</sup>

To be adopted heir to Frederick.

*Ros.* My father lov'd sir Rowland as his soul, And all the world was of my father's mind:

Had I before known this young man his son, I should have given him tears unto entreaties, Ere he should thus have ventur'd.

*Cel.* Gentle cousin, Let us go thank him, and encourage him:

My father's rough and envious disposition Sticks me at heart. — Sir, you have well deserv'd;

If you do keep your promises in love, But justly, as you have exceeded promise, <sup>23)</sup>

Your mistress shall be happy.

*Ros.* Gentleman,

[*Giving him a chain from her neck.*]

Wear this for me; one out of suits with fortune; <sup>24)</sup> That could give more, but that her hand lacks means. —

Shall we go, coz?

*Cel.* Ay: — Fare you well, fair gentleman.

*Orl.* Can I not say, I thank you? My better parts Are all thrown down; and that which here stands up, Is but a quintain, a mere lifeless block. <sup>25)</sup>

*Ros.* He calls us back: My pride fell with my fortunes:

I'll ask him what he would: — Did you call, sir? — Sir, you have wrestled well, and overthrown More than your enemies.

*Cel.* Will you go, coz?

*Ros.* Have with you: — Fare you well. [*Exit ROSALIND and CELIA.*]

*Orl.* What passion hangs these weights upon my tongue?

I cannot speak to her, yet she urg'd conference.

*Re-enter LE BEAU.*

O poor Orlando! thou art overthrown; Or Charles, or something weaker, masters thee.

*Le Beau.* Good sir, I do in friendship counsel you To leave this place: Albeit you have deserv'd High commendation, true applause, and love;

Yet such is now the duke's condition, <sup>26)</sup> That he misconstrues all that you have done.

The duke is humorous: what he is, indeed More suits you to conceive, than me to speak of.

*Orl.* I thank you, sir; and pray you, tell me this; Which of the two was daughter of the duke That here was at the wrestling?

*Le Beau.* Neither his daughter if we judge by manners;

But yet, indeed, the shorter, <sup>27)</sup> is his daughter: The other is daughter to the banish'd duke, And here detain'd by her usurping uncle, To keep his daughter company: whose loves Are dearer than the natural bond of sisters.

But I can tell you, that of late this duke Hath ta'en displeasure 'gainst his gentle niece; Grounded upon no other argument, But that the people praise her for her virtues, And pity her for her good father's sake;

And, on my life, his malice 'gainst the lady Will suddenly break forth. — Sir, fare you well! Hereafter in a better world than this, I shall desire more love and knowledge of you.

*Orl.* I rest much bounden to you: fare you well! [*Exit LE BEAU.*]

Thus must I from the smoke into the smother; From tyrant duke, unto a tyrant brother: — But heavenly Rosalind!

[*Exit.*]

SCENE III.

*A Room in the Palace.*

*Enter CELIA and ROSALIND.*

*Cel.* Why, cousin; why, Rosalind; — Cupid have mercy! — Not a word?

*Ros.* Not one to throw at a dog.

*Cel.* No, thy words are too precious to be cast away upon curs, throw some of them at me; come, lame me with reasons.

*Ros.* Then there were two cousins laid up; when the one should be lamed with reasons, and the other mad without any.

*Cel.* But is all this for your father?

*Ros.* No, some of it for my child's father; O, how full of briars is this working-day world!

*Cel.* They are but burs, cousin, thrown upon thee in holiday foolery; if we walk not in the trodden paths, our very petticoats will catch them.

*Ros.* I could shake them off my coat; these burs are in my heart.

*Cel.* Hem them away.

*Ros.* I would try; if I could cry hem, and have him.

*Cel.* Come, come, wrestle with thy affections.

*Ros.* O, they take the part of a better wrestler than myself.

*Cel.* O, a good wish upon you! you will try in time, in despite of a fall. — But, turning these jests out of service, let us talk in good earnest: Is it possible, on such a sudden, you should fall into so strong a liking with old sir Rowland's youngest son?

*Ros.* The duke my father lov'd his father dearly.

*Cel.* Doth it therefore ensue, that you should love his son dearly? by this kind of chase,<sup>28)</sup> I should hate him, for my father hated his father dearly; yet I hate not Orlando.

*Ros.* No 'faith, hate him not, for my sake.

*Cel.* Why should I not? doth he not deserve well?<sup>29)</sup>

*Ros.* Let me love him for that; and do you love him because I do: — Look, here comes the duke.

*Cel.* With his eyes full of anger.

*Enter Duke FREDERICK, with Lords.*

*Duke F.* Mistress, despatch you with your safest haste,

And get you from our court.

*Ros.* Me, uncle?

*Duke F.* You, cousin:

Within these ten days if that thou be'st found So near our public court as twenty miles, Thou diest for it.

*Ros.* I do beseech your grace, Let me the knowledge of my fault bear with me: If with myself I hold intelligence, Or have acquaintance with mine own desires; If that I do not dream, or be not frantic, (As I do trust I am not,) then, dear uncle, Never so much as in a thought unborn, Did I offend your highness.

*Duke F.* Thus do all traitors; If their purgation did consist in words, They are as innocent as grace itself: — Let it suffice thee, that I trust thee not.

*Ros.* Yet your mistrust cannot make me a traitor: Tell me whereon the likelihood depends.

*Duke F.* Thou art thy father's daughter, there's enough.

*Ros.* So was I, when your highness took his dukedom;

So was I, when your highness banish'd him: Treason is not inherited, my lord:

Or, if we did derive it from our friends, What's that to me? my father was no traitor: Then good my liege, mistake me not so much, To think my poverty is treacherous.

*Cel.* Dear sovereign, hear me speak.

*Duke F.* Ay, Celia; we stay'd her for your sake, Else had she with her father rang'd along.

*Cel.* I did not then entreat to have her stay, It was your pleasure, and your own remorse;<sup>30)</sup> I was too young that time to value her,

But now I know her; if she be a traitor, Why so am I: we still have slept together, Rose at an instant, learn'd, play'd, eat together; And wheresoe'er we went, like Juno's swans, Still we went coupled, and inseparable.

*Duke F.* She is too subtle for thee, and her smoothness,

Her very silence, and her patience, Speak to the people, and they pity her.

Thou art a fool: she robs thee of thy name; And thou wilt show more bright, and seem more virtuous,

When she is gone: then open not thy lips;

Firm and irrevocable is my doom

Which I have pass'd upon her; she is banish'd.

*Cel.* Pronounce that sentence then on me, my liege; I cannot live out of her company.

*Duke F.* You are a fool: — You, niece, provide yourself;

If you out-stay the time, upon mine honour,

And in the greatness of my word, you die.

[*Exeunt Duke FREDERICK and Lords.*]

*Cel.* O my poor Rosalind: whither wilt thou go?

Wilt thou change fathers? I will give thee mine. I charge thee, be not thou more griev'd than I am.

*Ros.* I have more cause.

*Cel.* Thou hast not, cousin; Pr'ythee, be cheerful; know'st thou not, the duke Hath banish'd me his daughter?

*Ros.* That he hath not.

*Cel.* No? hath not? Rosalind lacks then the love Which teacheth thee that thou and I am one:

Shall we be sunder'd? shall we part, sweet girl? No; let my father seek another heir.

Therefore devise with me, how we may fly, Whither to go, and what to bear with us:

And do not seek to take your change upon you, To bear your griefs yourself, and leave me out:

For, by this heaven, now at our sorrows pale, Say what thou canst, I'll go along with thee.

*Ros.* Why, whither shall we go?

*Cel.* To seek my uncle.<sup>31)</sup>

*Ros.* Alas, what danger will it be to us, Maids as we are, to travel forth so far?

Beauty provoketh thieves sooner than gold.

*Cel.* I'll put myself in poor and mean attire, And with a kind of umber smirch my face:<sup>32)</sup>

The like do you; so shall we pass along, And never stir assailants.

*Ros.* Were it not better, Because that I am more than common tall,

That I did suit me all points like a man?

A gallant curtle-ax<sup>33)</sup> upon my thigh, A boar-spear in my hand; and (in my heart

Lie there what hidden woman's fear there will.) We'll have a swashing<sup>34)</sup> and a martial outside;

As many other mannish cowards have, That do outface it with their semblances.

*Cel.* What shall I call thee, when thou art a man?

*Ros.* I'll have no worse a name than Jove's own page,

And therefore look you call me Ganymede. But what will you be call'd?

*Cel.* Something that hath a reference to my state: No longer Celia, but Aliena.

*Ros.* But, cousin, what if we assay'd to steal The clownish fool out of your father's court?

Would he not be a comfort to our travel?

*Cel.* He'll go along o'er the wide world with me; Leave me alone to woo him: Let's away,

And get our jewels and our wealth together; Devise the fittest time, and safest way

To hide us from pursuit that will be made After my flight: Now go we in content,

To liberty, and not to banishment. [*Exeunt.*]

## ACT II.

SCENE I. *The Forest of Arden.*

*Enter Duke senior, AMIENS, and other Lords, in the dress of Foresters.*

*Duke S.* Now, my co-mates, and brothers in exile, Hath not old custom made this life more sweet Than that of painted pomp? Are not these woods More free from peril than the envious court? Here feel we but the penalty of Adam, The seasons' difference; as, the icy fang, And churlish chiding of the winter's wind; Which when it bites and blows upon my body, Even till I shrink with cold, I smile, and say, — This is no flattery: these are counsellors That feelingly persuade me what I am. Sweet are the uses of adversity;

Which, like the toad, ugly and venomous, Wears yet a precious jewel in his head;<sup>1)</sup> And this our life, exempt from public haunt, Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks, Sermons in stones, and good in every thing.

*Ami.* I would not change it: Happy is your grace, That can translate the stubbornness of fortune Into so quiet and so sweet a style.

*Duke S.* Come, shall we go and kill us venison? And yet it irks me, the poor dappled fools, — Being native burghers of this desert city, — Should, in their own confines, with forked heads<sup>2)</sup> Have their round haunches gor'd.

*1 Lord.* Indeed, my lord, The melancholy Jaques grieves at that;

And, in that kind, swears you do more usurp Than doth your brother that hath banish'd you.

To-day, my lord of Amiens, and myself, Did steal behind him, as he lay along

Under an oak, whose antique roots peep out Upon the brook that brawls along this wood:

To the which place a poor sequester'd stag, That from the hunters' aim had ta'en a hurt,

Did come to languish; and, indeed, my lord, The wretched animal heav'd forth such groans,

That their discharge did stretch his leathern coat Almost to bursting; and the big round tears

Cours'd one another down his innocent nose In piteous chase: and thus the hairy fool,

Much mark'd of the melancholy Jaques, Stood on the extremest verge of the swift brook,

Augmenting it with tears.

*Duke S.* But what said Jaques? Did he not moralize this spectacle?

*1 Lord.* O, yes, into a thousand similies. First, for his weeping in the needless stream;<sup>3)</sup>

*Poor deer,* quoth he, *thou mak'st a testament As worldlings do, giving thy sum of more To that which had too much:* Then, being alone,

Left and abandon'd of his velvet friends; 'Tis right, quoth he; *this misery doth part The flux of company:* Anon, a careless herd,

Full of the pasture, jumps along by him, And never stays to greet him; *Ay,* quoth Jaques, *Sweep on, you fat and greasy citizens;*

*'Tis just the fashion: Wherefore do you look Upon that poor and broken bankrupt there?*

Thus most invectively he pierceth through The body of the country,<sup>4)</sup> city, court,

Yea, and of this our life: swearing, that we Are mere usurpers, tyrants, and what's worse,

To fright the animals, and to kill them up, In their assign'd and native dwelling place.

*Duke S.* And did you leave him in this contemplation?

*2 Lord.* We did, my lord, weeping and commenting Upon the sobbing deer.

*Duke S.* Show me the place; I love to cope him<sup>5)</sup> in these sullen fits, For then he's full of matter.

*2 Lord.* I'll bring you to him straight. [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE II.

*A Room in the Palace.*

*Enter Duke FREDERICK, Lords, and Attendants.*

*Duke F.* Can it be possible, that no man saw them? It cannot be: some villains of my court Are of consent and sufferance in this.

*1 Lord.* I cannot hear of any that did see her. The ladies, her attendants of her chamber,

Saw her a-bed; and, in the morning early, They found the bed untreasur'd of their mistress.

*2 Lord.* My lord, the roynish clown,<sup>6)</sup> at whom so oft Your grace was wont to laugh, is also missing.

Hesperia, the princess' gentlewoman, Confesses, that she secretly o'erheard

Your daughter and her cousin much commend The parts and graces of the wrestler

That did but lately foil the sinewy Charles; And she believes, wherever they are gone,

That youth is surely in their company.

*Duke F.* Send to his brother; fetch that gallant hither:

If he be absent, bring his brother to me, I'll make him find him: do this suddenly;

And let not search and inquisition quail<sup>7)</sup> To bring again these foolish runaways. [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE III.

*Before Oliver's House.*

*Enter ORLANDO and ADAM, meeting.*

*Orl.* Who's there?

*Adam.* What! my young master? — O, my gentle master,

O, my sweet master, O you memory<sup>8)</sup> Of old sir Rowland! why, what make you here?

Why are you virtuous? Why do people love you? And wherefore are you gentle, strong, and valiant?

Why would you be so fond<sup>9)</sup> to overcome The bony priser<sup>10)</sup> of the humorous duke?

Your praise is come too swiftly home before you. Know you not, master, to some kind of men

Their graces serve them but as enemies? No more do yours; your virtues, gentle master,

Are sanctified and holy traitors to you. O, what a world is this, when what is comely

Envenoms him that bears it!

*Orl.* Why, what's the matter?

*Adam.* O unhappy youth, Come not within these doors; within this roof

The enemy of all your graces lives: Your brother — (no, no brother; yet the son —

Yet not the son; — I will not call him son — Of him I was about to call his father,) —

Hath heard your praises; and this night he means To burn the lodging where you use to lie,

And you within it: if he fail of that, He will have other means to cut you off;

I overheard him, and his practices. This is no place,<sup>11)</sup> this house is but a butchery;

Abhor it, fear it, do not enter it.

*Orl.* Why, whither, Adam, wouldst thou have me go?

*Adam.* No matter whither, so you come not here.

*Orl.* What, wouldst thou have me go and beg my food?

Or, with a base and boisterous sword, enforce  
A thievish living on the common road?  
This I must do, or know not what to do:  
Yet this I will not do, do how I can;  
I rather will subject me to the malice  
Of a diverted <sup>12)</sup> blood, and bloody brother.

*Adam.* But do not so: I have five hundred crowns,  
The thrifty hire I sav'd under your father,  
Which I did store, to be my foster-nurse,  
When service should in my old limbs lie lame,  
And unregarded age in corners thrown;  
Take that: and He that doth the ravens feed,  
Yea, providently caters for the sparrow,  
Be comfort to my age! Here is the gold;  
All this I give you: Let me be your servant;  
Though I look old, yet I am strong and lusty:  
For in my youth I never did apply  
Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood;  
Nor did not with unbashful forehead woo  
The means of weakness and debility;  
Therefore my age is as a lusty winter,  
Frosty, but kindly: let me go with you;  
I'll do the service of a younger man  
In all your business and necessities.

*Orl.* O good old man; how well in thee appears  
The constant service of the antique world,  
When service sweat for duty, not for meed!  
Thou art not for the fashion of these times,  
Where none will sweat, but for promotion;  
And having that, do choke their service up  
Even with the having: <sup>13)</sup> it is not so with thee.  
But, poor old man, thou prun'st a rotten tree,  
That cannot so much as a blossom yield,  
In lieu of all thy pains and husbandry:  
But come thy ways, we'll go along together;  
And ere we have thy youthful wages spent,  
We'll light upon some settled low content.

*Adam.* Master, go on; and I will follow thee,  
To the last gasp, with truth and loyalty. —  
From seventeen years till now almost fourscore  
Here lived I, but now live here no more.  
At seventeen years many their fortunes seek;  
But at fourscore, it is too late a week:  
Yet fortune cannot recompense me better,  
Than to die well, and not my master's debtor.

[*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE IV.

*The Forest of Arden.*

*Enter ROSALIND in boy's clothes, CELIA drest like  
a Shepherdess, and TOUCHSTONE.*

*Ros.* O Jupiter! how weary are my spirits!

*Touch.* I care not for my spirits, if my legs were  
not weary.

*Ros.* I could find in my heart to disgrace my man's  
apparel, and to cry like a woman: but I must com-  
fort the weaker vessel, as doublet and hose ought  
to show itself courageous to petticoat: therefore,  
courage, good Aliena.

*Cel.* I pray you, bear with me; I cannot go no  
further.

*Touch.* For my part, I had rather bear with you,  
than bear you: yet I should bear no cross, <sup>14)</sup> if  
I did bear you; for, I think, you have no money  
in your purse.

*Ros.* Well, this is the forest of Arden.

*Touch.* Ay, now am I in Arden: the more fool I;  
when I was at home, I was in a better place; but  
travellers must be content.

*Ros.* Ay, be so, good Touchstone: — Look you,  
who comes here; a young man, and an old, in  
solemn talk.

*Enter CORIN and SILVIUS.*

*Cor.* That is the way to make her scorn you still.

*Sil.* O Corin, that thou knew'st how I do love her!

*Cor.* I partly guess; for I have lov'd ere now.

*Sil.* No, Corin, being old, thou canst not guess;

Though in thy youth thou wast as true a lover  
As ever sigh'd upon a midnight pillow:

But if thy love was ever like to mine,

(As sure I think did never man love so,)

How many actions most ridiculous

Hast thou been drawn to by thy fantasy?

*Cor.* Into a thousand that I have forgotten.

*Sil.* O, thou didst then ne'er love so heartily:

If thou remember'st not the slightest folly

That ever love did make thee run into,

Thou hast not lov'd:

Or if thou hast not sat as I do now,

<sup>15)</sup> Wearying thy hearer in thy mistress' praise,

Thou hast not lov'd:

Or if thou hast not broke from company,

Abruptly, as my passion now makes me,

Thou hast not lov'd: O Phebe, Phebe, Phebe!

[*Exit SILVIUS.*]

*Ros.* Alas, poor shepherd! searching of thy wound,  
I have by hard adventure found mine own.

*Touch.* And I mine: I remember, when I was in  
love, I broke my sword upon a stone, and bid him  
take that for coming anight <sup>16)</sup> to Jane Smile: and  
I remember the kissing of her batlet, <sup>17)</sup> and the  
cow's dugs that her pretty chop'd hands had milk'd:  
and I remember the wooing of a peascod instead  
of her; from whom I took two cods, and, giving  
her them again, said with weeping tears, *Wear these  
for my sake.* We, that are true lovers, run into  
strange capers; but as all is mortal in nature, so  
is all nature in love mortal in folly. <sup>18)</sup>

*Ros.* Thou speak'st wiser, than thou art 'ware of.

*Touch.* Nay, I shall ne'er be 'ware of mine own  
wit, till I break my shins against it.

*Ros.* Jove! Jove! this shepherd's passion

Is much upon my fashion.

*Touch.* And mine; but it grows something stale  
with me.

*Cel.* I pray you, one of you question yond man,  
If he for gold will give us any food;  
I faint almost to death.

*Touch.* Holla; you, clown!

*Ros.* Peace, fool; he's not thy kinsman.

*Cor.* Who calls?

*Touch.* Your betters, sir.

*Cor.* Else are they very wretched.

*Ros.* Peace, I say: —

Good even to you, friend.

*Cor.* And to you, gentle sir, and to you all.

*Ros.* I pr'ythee, shepherd, if that love, or gold,  
Can in this desert place buy entertainment,  
Bring us where we may rest ourselves, and feed:  
Here's a young maid with travel much oppress'd,  
And faints for succour.

*Cor.* Fair sir, I pity her.

And wish for her sake, more than for mine own,  
My fortunes were more able to relieve her:

But I am shepherd to another man,

And do not sheer the fleeces that I graze;

My master is of churlish disposition,

And little recks <sup>19)</sup> to find the way to heaven

By doing deeds of hospitality:

Besides, his cote, his flocks, and bounds to feed,  
Are now on sale, and at our shepcote now,

By reason of his absence, there is nothing

That you will feed on; but what is, come see,

And in my voice <sup>20)</sup> most welcome shall you be.

*Ros.* What is he that shall buy his flocks and  
pasture?

*Cor.* That young swain that you saw here but  
erewhile,

That little cares for buying any thing.

*Ros.* I pray thee, if it stand with honesty,  
Buy thou the cottage, pasture, and the flock,  
And thou shalt have to pay for it of us.

*Cel.* And we will mend thy wages: I like this place,  
And willingly could waste my time in it.

*Cor.* Assuredly, the thing is to be sold:

Go with me; if you like, upon report,

The soil, the profit and this kind of life,

I will your very faithful feeder be,

And buy it with your gold right suddenly. [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE V.

*The same.*

*Enter AMIENS, JAQUES, and others.*

*Song.*

*Ami.* *Under the greenwood tree,  
Who loves to lie with me,  
And tune his merry note  
Unto the sweet bird's throat,  
Come hither, come hither, come hither;  
Here shall he see  
No enemy,  
But winter and rough weather.*

*Jaq.* More, more, I pr'ythee, more.

*Ami.* It will make you melancholy, monsieur Jaques.

*Jaq.* I thank it. More, I pr'ythee, more. I can  
suck melancholy out of a song, as a weazle sucks  
eggs: More, I pr'ythee more.

*Ami.* My voice is ragged; <sup>21)</sup> I know, I cannot  
please you.

*Jaq.* I do not desire you to please me, I do desire  
you to sing; Come, more; another stanza: Call you  
them stanzas?

*Ami.* What you will, monsieur Jaques.

*Jaq.* Nay, I care not for their names; they owe  
me nothing: Will you sing?

*Ami.* More at your request, than to please myself.

*Jaq.* Well then, if ever I thank any man, I'll thank  
you: but that they call compliment, is like the en-  
counter of two dog-apes; and when a man thanks  
me heartily, methinks I have given him a penny,  
and he renders me the beggarly thanks. Come,  
sing; and you that will not, hold your tongues.

*Ami.* Well, I'll end the song. — Sirs, cover the  
while; the duke will drink under this tree: — he  
hath been all this day to look you.

*Jaq.* And I have been all this day to avoid him.  
He is too disputable <sup>22)</sup> for my company: I think  
of as many matters as he: but I give heaven thanks,  
and make no boast of them. Come, warble, come.

*Song.*

*Who doth ambition shun, [All together here.  
And loves to live i' the sun,  
Seeking the food he eats,  
And pleas'd with what he gets,  
Come hither, come hither, come hither;  
Here shall he see  
No enemy,  
But winte and rough weather.*

*Jaq.* I'll give you a verse to this note, that I made  
yesterday in despite of my invention.

*Ami.* And I'll sing it.

*Jaq.* Thus it goes:

*If it do come to pass,  
That any man turn ass,  
Leaving his wealth and ease,  
A stubborn will to please,  
Ducdame, ducdame, ducdame; <sup>23)</sup>  
Here shall he see,  
Gross fools as he,  
An if he will come to Ami. <sup>24)</sup>*

*Ami.* What's that ducdame?

*Jaq.* 'Tis a Greek invocation, to call fools into a  
circle. I'll go sleep if I can; if I cannot, I'll rail  
against all the first-born of Egypt.

*Ami.* And I'll go seek the duke; his banquet is  
prepared. [*Exeunt severally.*]

## SCENE VI.

*The same.*

*Enter ORLANDO and ADAM.*

*Adam.* Dear master, I can go no further: O, I die  
for food! Here lie I down, and measure out my  
grave. Farewell, kind master.

*Orl.* Why, how now, Adam! no greater heart in  
thee? Live a little; comfort a little; cheer thyself  
a little: If this uncouth forest yield any thing sa-  
vage, I will either be food for it, or bring it for  
food to thee. Thy conceit is nearer death than  
thy powers. For my sake, be comfortable; hold  
death awhile at the arm's end: I will here be with  
thee presently; and if I bring thee not something  
to eat, I'll give thee leave to die: but if thou diest  
before I come, thou art a mocker of my labour.  
Well said! thou look'st cheerily: and I'll be with  
thee quickly. — Yet thou liest in the bleak air:  
Come, I will bear thee to some shelter; and thou  
shalt not die for lack of a dinner, if there live any  
thing in this desert. Cheerly, good Adam! [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE VII.

*The same.*

*A table set out. Enter DUKE senior, AMIENS,  
Lords, and others.*

*Duke S.* I think he be transform'd into a beast:  
For I can no where find him like a man.

*1 Lord.* My lord, he is but even now gone hence:  
Here was he merry, hearing of a song.

*Duke S.* If he, compact of jars, <sup>25)</sup> grow musical,  
We shall have shortly discord in the spheres: —  
Go, seek him; tell him, I would speak with him.

*Enter JAQUES.*

*1 Lord.* He saves my labour by his own approach.

*Duke S.* Why, how now, monsieur! what a life  
is this,

That your poor friends must woo your company?  
What! you look merrily.

*Jaq.* A fool, a fool! — I met a fool i' the forest,  
A motley fool; — a miserable world! —  
As I do live by food, I met a fool;  
Who laid him down and bask'd him in the sun,  
And rail'd on lady Fortune in good terms,  
In good set terms, — and yet a motley fool.  
*Good-morrow, fool,* quoth I: *No, sir,* quoth he,  
*Call me not fool, till heaven hath sent me fortune.* <sup>26)</sup>

And then he drew a dial from his poke:

And looking on it with lack-lustre eye,

Says very wisely, *It is ten o'clock:*

*Thus may we see,* quoth he, *how the world wags:*

*'Tis but an hour ago, since it was nine;*

*And after an hour more, 'twill be eleven;*

And so, from hour to hour, we ripe and ripe,  
And then, from hour to hour, we rot and rot,  
And thereby hangs a tale. When I did hear  
The motley fool thus moral on the time,  
My lungs began to crow like chanticleer,  
That fools should be so deep-contemplative;  
And I did laugh, sans intermission,  
An hour by his dial. — O noble fool!  
A worthy fool! Motley's the only wear.

Duke S. What fool is this?

Jaq. O worthy fool! — One that hath been a courtier;  
And says, if ladies be but young, and fair,  
They have the gift to know it: and in his brain, —  
Which is as dry as the remainder bisket  
After a voyage, — he hath strange places cramm'd  
With observation, the which he vents  
In mangled forms: — O, that I were a fool!  
I am ambitious for a motley coat.

Duke S. Thou shalt have one.

Jaq. It is my only suit;<sup>27)</sup>  
Provided, that you weed your better judgments  
Of all opinion that grows rank in them,  
That I am wise. I must have liberty  
Withal, as large a charter as the wind,  
To blow on whom I please: for so fools have:  
And they that are most galled with my folly,  
They most must laugh: And why, sir, must they so?  
The why is plain as way to parish church:  
He, that a fool doth very wisely hit,  
Doth very foolishly, although he smart,  
Not to seem senseless of the bob: if not,  
The wise man's folly is anatomiz'd  
Even by the squandering glances of the fool.<sup>28)</sup>  
Invest me in my motley: give me leave  
To speak my mind, and I will through and through  
Cleanse the foul body of the infected world,  
If they will patiently receive my medicine.

Duke S. Fye on thee! I can tell what thou wouldst do.

Jaq. What, for a counter,<sup>29)</sup> would I do, but good?

Duke S. Most mischievous foul sin, in chiding sin:  
For thou thyself hast been a libertine,  
As sensual as the brutish sting itself;  
And all the embossed sores, and headed evils,  
That thou with licence of free foot hast caught,  
Wouldst thou disgorge into the general world.

Jaq. Why, who cries out on pride,  
That can therein tax any private party?  
Doth it now flow as hugely as the sea,  
Till that the very very means do ebb?  
What woman in the city do I name,  
When that I say, The city-woman bears  
The cost of princes on unworthy shoulders?  
Who can come in, and say, that I mean her,  
When such a one as she, such is her neighbour?  
Or what is he of basest function,  
That says, his bravery<sup>30)</sup> is not on my cost,  
(Thinking that I mean him,) but therein suits  
His folly to the mettle of my speech?  
There then; How, what then;<sup>31)</sup> Let me see wherein  
My tongue hath wrong'd him; if it do him right,  
Then he hath wrong'd himself: if he be free,  
Why then, my taxing like a wild goose flies,  
Unclaim'd of any man. — But who comes here?

Enter ORLANDO, with his sword drawn.

Orl. Forbear, and eat no more.

Jaq. Why, I have eat none yet.

Orl. Nor shalt not, till necessity be serv'd.

Jaq. Of what kind should this cock come of?

Duke S. Art thou thus bolden'd, man, by thy distress;  
Or else a rude despiser of good manners,  
That in civility thou seem'st so empty?

Orl. You touch'd my vein at first; the thorny point

Of bare distress hath ta'en from me the show  
Of smooth civility; yet am I inland bred,<sup>32)</sup>  
And know some nurture:<sup>33)</sup> But forbear, I say;  
He dies that touches any of this fruit,  
Till I and my affairs are answered.

Jaq. An you will not be answered with reason, I  
must die.

Duke S. What would you have? Your gentleness  
shall force,

More than your force move us to gentleness.

Orl. I almost die for food, and let me have it.

Duke S. Sit down and feed, and welcome to our table.

Orl. Speak you so gently? Pardon me, I pray you:  
I thought, that all things had been savage here;  
And therefore put I on the countenance  
Of stern commandment: But whate'er you are,  
That in this desert inaccessible,  
Under the shade of melancholy boughs,  
Lose and neglect the creeping hours of time;  
If ever you have look'd on better days;  
If ever been where bells have knoll'd to church;  
If ever sat at any good man's feast;  
If ever from your eye-lids wip'd a tear,  
And know what 'tis to pity, and be pitied;  
Let gentleness my strong enforcement be:  
In the which hope, I blush, and hide my sword.

Duke S. True is it that we have seen better days:  
And have with holy bell been knoll'd to church;  
And sat at good men's feasts; and wip'd our eyes  
Of drops that sacred pity hath engender'd:  
And therefore sit you down in gentleness,  
And take upon command<sup>34)</sup> what help we have,  
That to your wanting may be ministred.

Orl. Then, but forbear your food a little while,  
Whiles, like a doe, I go to find my fawn,  
And give it food. There is an old poor man,  
Who after me hath many a weary step  
Limp'd in pure love; till he be first suffic'd, —  
Oppress'd with two weak evils, age and hunger, —  
I will not touch a bit.

Duke S. Go find him out,  
And we will nothing waste till you return.

Orl. I thank ye; and be bless'd for your good  
comfort! [Exit.]

Duke S. Thou seest, we are not all alone unhappy:  
This wide and universal theatre  
Presents more woeful pageants than the scene  
Wherein we play in.

Jaq. All the world's a stage,  
And all the men and women merely players:  
They have their exits, and their entrances;  
And one man in his time plays many parts,  
His acts being seven ages.<sup>35)</sup> At first, the infant  
Mewling and puking in the nurse's arms;  
And then, the whining school-boy, with his satchel,  
And shining morning face, creeping like snail  
Unwillingly to school: And then, the lover;  
Sighing like furnace, with a woeful ballad  
Made to his mistress' eye-brow: Then, a soldier;  
Full of strange oaths, and bearded like the pard,<sup>36)</sup>  
Jealous in honour, sudden and quick<sup>37)</sup> in quarrel,  
Seeking the bubble reputation  
Even in the cannon's mouth: And then, the justice;  
In fair round belly, with good capon lin'd,  
With eyes severe, and beard of formal cut,  
Full of wise saws and modern instances,<sup>38)</sup>  
And so he plays his part: The sixth age shifts  
Into the lean and slipper'd pantaloon;  
With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side;  
His youthful hose well sav'd, a world too wide  
For his shrunk shank; and his big manly voice,  
Turning again toward childish treble, pipes  
And whistles in his sound: Last scene of all,

That ends this strange eventful history,  
Is second childishness, and mere oblivion;  
Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans every thing.

Re-enter ORLANDO, with ADAM.

Duke S. Welcome: Set down your venerable burden,  
And let him feed.

Orl. I thank you most for him.

Adam. So had you need;

I scarce can speak to thank you for myself.

Duke S. Welcome, fall to; I will not trouble you  
As yet, to question you about your fortunes: —  
Give us some music; and, good cousin, sing.

AMIEUS sings.

Song.

I.

Blow, blow, thou winter wind,

Thou art not so unkind<sup>39)</sup>

As man's ingratitude;

Thy tooth is not so keen,

Because thou art not seen,<sup>40)</sup>

Although thy breath be rude.

Heigh, ho! sing, heigh, ho! unto the green holly:

Most friendship is feigning, most loving mere folly:

Then, heigh, ho, the holly!

This life is most jolly.

II.

Freeze, freeze, thou bitter sky,

That dost not bite so nigh<sup>41)</sup>

As benefits forgot:

Though thou the waters warp,

Thy sting is not so sharp

As friend remember'd not.<sup>42)</sup>

Heigh, ho! sing, heigh, ho! &c.

Duke S. If that you were the good sir Rowland's  
son, —

As you have whisper'd faithfully, you were;

And as mine eye doth his effigies witness  
Most truly limn'd, and living in your face, —

Be truly welcome hither: I am the duke,  
That lov'd your father: The residue of your fortune,  
Go to my cave and tell me. — Good old man,  
Thou art right welcome as thy master is:  
Support him by the arm. — Give me your hand,  
And let me all your fortunes understand. [Exit.]

## ACT III.

### SCENE I. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Duke FREDERICK, OLIVER, Lords, and  
Attendants.

Duke F. Not see him since? Sir, sir, that cannot be:  
But were I not the better part made mercy,  
I should not seek an absent argument<sup>1)</sup>  
Of my revenge, thou present: But look to it;  
Find out thy brother, wheresoe'er he is:  
Seek him with candle; bring him dead or living,  
Within this twelvemonth, or turn thou no more  
To seek a living in our territory.  
Thy lands, and all things that thou dost call thine,  
Worth seizure, do we seize into our hands;  
Till thou canst quit thee by thy brother's mouth,  
Of what we think against thee.

Oli. O, that your highness knew my heart in this!  
I never lov'd my brother in my life.

Duke F. More villain thou. — Well, push him out  
of doors;

And let my officers of such a nature  
Make an extent<sup>2)</sup> upon his house and lands:  
Do this expediently,<sup>3)</sup> and turn him going. [Exit.]

## SCENE II.

### The Forest.

Enter ORLANDO, with a Paper.

Orl. Hang there, my verse, in witness of my love:  
And, thou, thrice-crowned queen of night, survey  
With thy chaste eye, from thy pale sphere above,  
Thy huntress' name, that my full life doth sway.

O! Rosalind! these trees shall be my books,

And in their barks my thoughts I'll character;

That every eye, which in this forest looks,

Shall see thy virtue witness'd every where.

Run, run, Orlando; carve on every tree,

The fair, the chaste, and unexpressive<sup>4)</sup> she. [Exit.]

Enter CORIN and TOUCHSTONE.

Cor. And how like you this shepherd's life, master  
Touchstone?

Touch. Truly, shepherd, in respect of itself, it is  
a good life; but in respect that it is a shepherd's  
life, it is naught. In respect that it is solitary, I  
like it very well; but in respect that it is private,  
it is a very vile life. Now in respect it is in the  
fields, it pleaseth me well; but in respect it is not  
in the court, it is tedious. As it is a spare life,  
look you, it fits my humour well; but as there is  
no more plenty in it, it goes much against my stom-  
ach. Hast any philosophy in thee, shepherd?

Cor. No more, but that I know, the more one  
sickens, the worse at ease he is; and that he that  
wants money, means, and content, is without three  
good friends: — That the property of rain is to  
wet, and fire to burn: That good pasture makes fat  
sheep; and that a great cause of the night, is lack  
of the sun: That he, that hath learned no wit by  
nature nor art, may complain of good breeding,<sup>5)</sup>  
or comes of a very dull kindred.

Touch. Such a one is a natural philosopher.

Wast ever in court, shepherd?

Cor. No, truly.

Touch. Then thou art damn'd.

Cor. Nay, I hope, —

Touch. Truly, thou art damn'd; like an ill-roasted  
egg,<sup>6)</sup> all on one side.

Cor. For not being at court? Your reason.

Touch. Why, if thou never wast at court, thou  
never saw'st good manners; if thou never saw'st  
good manners, then thy manners must be wicked;  
and wickedness is sin, and sin is damnation: Thou  
art in a parlous state, shepherd.

Cor. Not a whit, Touchstone: those, that are good  
manners at the court, are as ridiculous in the coun-  
try, as the behaviour of the country is most mock-  
able at the court. You told me, you salute not at  
the court, but you kiss your hands; that courtesy  
would be uncleanly, if courtiers were shepherds.

Touch. Instance, briefly: come, instance.

Cor. Why, we are still handling our ewes; and  
their fells, you know, are greasy.

Touch. Why, do not your courtier's hands sweat?  
and is not the grease of a mutton as wholesome as  
the sweat of a man? Shallow, shallow: A better  
instance, I say; come.

Cor. Besides, our hands are hard.

Touch. Your lips will feel them the sooner. Shal-  
low, again: A more sounder instance, come.

Cor. And they are often tar'd over with the sur-

gery of our sheep; And would you have us kiss tar? The courtier's hands are perfumed with civet.

*Touch.* Most shallow man! Thou worms-meat, in respect of a good piece of flesh: Indeed! — Learn of the wise, and perpend: Civet is of a baser birth than tar; the very uncleanly flux of a cat. Mend the instance, shepherd.

*Cor.* You have too courtly a wit for me: I'll rest.

*Touch.* Wilt thou rest damn'd? God help thee, shallow man! God make incision in thee! <sup>7)</sup> thou art raw. <sup>8)</sup>

*Cor.* Sir, I am a true labourer; I earn that I eat, get that I wear; owe no man hate, envy no man's happiness; glad of other men's good, content with my harm: and the greatest of my pride is, to see my ewes graze, and my lambs suck.

*Touch.* That is another simple sin in you; to bring the ewes and the rams together, and to offer to get your living by the copulation of cattle: to be bawd to a bell-wether; <sup>9)</sup> and to betray a she-lamb of a twelvemonth, to a crooked-pated, old cuckoldy ram, out of all reasonable match. If thou be'st not damn'd for this, the devil himself will have no shepherds; I cannot see else how thou should'scape.

*Cor.* Here comes young master Ganymede, my new mistress' brother.

*Enter ROSALIND, reading a paper.*

*Ros.* From the east to western Ind,  
No jewel is like Rosalind.  
Her worth, being mounted on the wind,  
Through all the world bears Rosalind.  
All the pictures, fairest lin'd, <sup>10)</sup>  
Are but black to Rosalind.  
Let no face be kept in mind,  
But the fair <sup>11)</sup> of Rosalind.

*Touch.* I'll rhyme you so, eight years together; dinners, and suppers, and sleeping hours excepted; it is the right butter woman's rank to market. <sup>12)</sup>

*Ros.* Out, fool!

*Touch.* For a taste: —

If a hart do lack a hind,  
Let him seek out Rosalind.  
If the cat will after kind,  
So, be sure, will Rosalind.  
Winter-garments must be lin'd,  
So must slender Rosalind.  
They that reap, must sheaf and bind,  
Then to cart with Rosalind.  
Sweetest nut hath sowrest rind,  
Such a nut is Rosalind.  
He that sweetest Rose will find,  
Must find love's prick, and Rosalind.

This is the very false gallop of verses; Why do you infect yourself with them?

*Ros.* Peace, you dull fool; I found them on a tree.

*Touch.* Truly, the tree yields bad fruit.

*Ros.* I'll graff it with you, and then I shall graff it with a medlar: then it will be the earliest fruit <sup>13)</sup> in the country: for you'll be rotten e'er you be half ripe, and that's the right virtue of the medlar.

*Touch.* You have said; but whether wisely or no, let the forest judge.

*Enter CELIA, reading a paper.*

*Ros.* Peace!

Here comes my sister, reading; stand aside.

*Cel.* Why should this desert silent be?

For it is unpeopled? No;

Tongues I'll hang on every tree,  
That shall civil sayings show. <sup>14)</sup>

*Some, how brief the life of man*

*Runs his erring pilgrimage;*

*That the stretching of a span*

*Buckles in his sum of age.*

*Some, of violated vows*

*'Twixt the souls of friend and friend:*

*But upon the fairest boughs,*

*Or at every sentence' end,*

*Will I Rosalinda write;*

*Teaching all that read, to know*

*The quintessence of every sprite*

*Heaven would in little show. <sup>15)</sup>*

*Therefore heaven nature charg'd*

*That one body should be fill'd*

*With all graces wide enlarg'd:*

*Nature presently distill'd*

*Helen's cheek, but not her heart;*

*Cleopatra's majesty!*

*Atalanta's better part: <sup>16)</sup>*

*Sad Lucretia's modesty.*

*Thus Rosalind of many parts*

*By heavenly synod was devis'd,*

*Of many faces, eyes, and hearts,*

*To have the touches <sup>17)</sup> dearest priz'd.*

*Heaven would that she these gifts should have,*

*And I to live and die her slave.*

*Ros.* O most gentle Jupiter! — what tedious homily of love have you wearied your parishioners withal, and never cry'd, *Have patience, good people!*

*Cel.* How now! back friends: — Shepherd, go off a little: — Go with him, sirrah.

*Touch.* Come, shepherd, let us make an honourable retreat; though not with bag and baggage, yet with scrip and scrippage. [*Exeunt CORIN and TOUCHSTONE.*]

*Cel.* Didst thou hear these verses?

*Ros.* O, yes, I heard them all, and more too; for some of them had in them more feet than the verses would bear.

*Cel.* That's no matter; the feet might bear the verses.

*Ros.* Ay, but the feet were lame, and could not bear themselves without the verse, and therefore stood lamely in the verse.

*Cel.* But didst thou hear, without wondering how thy name should be hang'd and carved upon these trees?

*Ros.* I was seven of the nine days out of the wonder, before you came; for look here what I found on a palm-tree: <sup>18)</sup> I was never so be-rhymed since Pythagoras' time, that I was an Irish rat, <sup>19)</sup> which I can hardly remember.

*Cel.* Trow you, who hath done this?

*Ros.* Is it a man?

*Cel.* And a chain, that you once wore, about his neck: Change you colour?

*Ros.* I pr'ythee, who?

*Cel.* O lord, lord! it is a hard matter for friends to meet; <sup>20)</sup> but mountains may be removed with earthquakes, and so encounter.

*Ros.* Nay, but who is it?

*Cel.* Is it possible?

*Ros.* Nay, I pray thee now, with most petitionary vehemence, tell me who it is.

*Cel.* O wonderful, wonderful, and most wonderful wonderful, and yet again wonderful, and after that out of all whooping! <sup>21)</sup>

*Ros.* Good my complexion! <sup>22)</sup> dost thou think, though I am caparison'd like a man, I have a doublet and hose in my disposition? One inch of delay more is a South-sea-off discovery. <sup>23)</sup> I pr'ythee tell me, who is it? quickly, and speak apace: I would thou couldst stammer, that thou might'st pour this concealed man out of thy mouth, as wine comes

out of a narrow-mouth'd bottle; either too much at once, or not at all. I pr'ythee take the cork out of thy mouth, that I may drink thy tidings.

*Cel.* So you may put a man in your belly.

*Ros.* Is he of God's making? What manner of man? Is his head worth a hat, or his chin worth a beard?

*Cel.* Nay, he hath but a little beard.

*Ros.* Why, God will send more, if the man will be thankful: let me stay the growth of his beard, if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin.

*Cel.* It is young Orlando; that tripp'd up the wrestler's heels, and your heart, both in an instant.

*Ros.* Nay, but the devil take mocking; speak sad brow, and true maid. <sup>24)</sup>

*Cel.* I'faith, coz, 'tis he.

*Ros.* Orlando?

*Cel.* Orlando.

*Ros.* Alas the day! what shall I do with my doublet and hose? — What did he, when thou saw'st him? What said he? How look'd he? Wherein went he? <sup>25)</sup> What makes he here? Did he ask for me? Where remains he? How parted he with thee? and when shalt thou see him again? Answer me in one word.

*Cel.* You must borrow me Garagantua's mouth <sup>26)</sup> first: 'tis a word too great for any mouth of this age's size: To say, ay, and no, to these particulars, is more than to answer in a catechism.

*Ros.* But doth he know that I am in this forest, and in man's apparel? Looks he as freshly as he did the day he wrestled?

*Cel.* It is as easy to count atomies, <sup>27)</sup> as to resolve the propositions of a lover: — but take a taste of my finding him, and relish it with a good observance. I found him under a tree, like a dropp'd acorn.

*Ros.* It may well be call'd Jove's tree, when it drops forth such fruit.

*Cel.* Give me audience, good madam.

*Ros.* Proceed.

*Cel.* There lay he, stretch'd along, like a wounded knight.

*Ros.* Though it be pity to see such a sight, it well becomes the ground.

*Cel.* Cry, holla! to thy tongue, <sup>28)</sup> I pr'ythee; it curvets very unseasonably. He was furnish'd like a hunter.

*Ros.* O ominous! he comes to kill my heart. <sup>29)</sup>

*Cel.* I would sing my song without a burden: thou bring'st me out of tune.

*Ros.* Do you not know I am a woman? when I think, I must speak. Sweet, say on.

*Enter ORLANDO and JAQUES.*

*Cel.* You bring me out: — Soft! comes he not here?

*Ros.* 'Tis he; sink by, and note him.

[*CELIA and ROSALIND retire.*]

*Jaq.* I thank you for your company; but, good faith, I had as lief have been by myself alone.

*Orl.* And so had I; but yet, for fashion sake, I thank you too for your society.

*Jaq.* God be with you; let's meet as little as we can.

*Orl.* I do desire we may be better strangers.

*Jaq.* I pray you, mar no more trees with writing lovesongs in their barks.

*Orl.* I pray you, mar no more of my verses with reading them ill-favouredly.

*Jaq.* Rosalind is your love's name?

*Orl.* Yes, just.

*Jaq.* I do not like her name.

*Orl.* There was no thought of pleasing you, when she was christen'd.

*Jaq.* What stature is she of?

*Orl.* Just as high as my heart.

*Jaq.* You are full of pretty answers: Have you not been acquainted with goldsmiths' wives, and conn'd them out of rings?

*Orl.* Not so; but I answer you right painted cloth, <sup>30)</sup> from whence you have studied your questions.

*Jaq.* You have a nimble wit; I think it was made of Atalanta's heels. Will you sit down with me? and we two will rail against our mistress the world, and all our misery.

*Orl.* I will chide no breather in the world, but myself; against whom I know most faults.

*Jaq.* The worst fault you have, is to be in love.

*Orl.* 'Tis a fault I will not change for your best virtue. I am weary of you.

*Jaq.* By my troth, I was seeking for a fool, when I found you.

*Orl.* He is drown'd in the brook; look but in, and you shall see him.

*Jaq.* There shall I see mine own figure.

*Orl.* Which I take to be either a fool, or a cypher.

*Jaq.* I'll tarry no longer with you; farewell, good signior love.

*Orl.* I am glad of your departure; adieu, good monsieur melancholy.

[*Exit JAQUES. — CELIA and ROSALIND come forward.*]

*Ros.* I will speak to him like a saucy lacquey, and under that habit play the knave with him. — Do you hear, forester?

*Orl.* Very well; what would you?

*Ros.* I pray you, what is't a clock?

*Orl.* You should ask me, what time o'day; there's no clock in the forest.

*Ros.* Then there is no true lover in the forest; else sighing every minute, and groaning every hour, would detect the lazy foot of time, as well as a clock.

*Orl.* And why not the swift foot of time? had not that been as proper?

*Ros.* By no means, sir: Time travels in divers paces with divers persons: I'll tell you who time ambles withal, who time trots withal, who time gallops withal, and who he stands still withal.

*Orl.* I pr'ythee who doth he trot withal?

*Ros.* Marry, he trots hard with a young maid, between the contract of her marriage, and the day it is solemnized; if the interim be but a se'nnight, time's pace is so hard that it seems the length of seven years.

*Orl.* Who ambles time withal?

*Ros.* With a priest that lacks Latin, and a rich man that hath not the gout: for the one sleeps easily, because he cannot study; and the other lives merrily, because he feels no pain: the one lacking the burden of lean and wasteful learning; the other knowing no burden of heavy tedious penury: These time ambles withal.

*Orl.* Who doth he gallop withal?

*Ros.* With a thief to the gallows: for though he go as softly as foot can fall, he thinks himself too soon there.

*Orl.* Who stays it still withal?

*Ros.* With lawyers in the vacation: for they sleep between term and term, and then they perceive not how time moves.

*Orl.* Where dwell you, pretty youth?

*Ros.* With this shepherdess, my sister; here in the skirts of the forest, like fringe upon a petticoat.

*Orl.* Are you a native of this place?

*Ros.* As the coney, that you see dwell where she is kindled.

*Orl.* Your accent is something finer than you could purchase in so removed <sup>31)</sup> a dwelling.

*Ros.* I have been told so of many: but, indeed, an old religious uncle of mine taught me to speak, who was in his youth an in-land man; <sup>32)</sup> one that knew courtship too well, for there he fell in love. I have heard him read many lectures against it; and I thank God I am not a woman, to be touch'd with so many giddy offences as he hath generally tax'd their whole sex withal.

*Orl.* Can you remember any of the principal evils, that he laid to the charge of women?

*Ros.* There were none principal: they were all like one another, as half-pence are: every one fault seeming monstrous, till his fellow fault came to match it.

*Orl.* I pr'ythee, recount some of them.

*Ros.* No; I will not cast away my physic, but on those that are sick. There is a man haunts the forest, that abuses our young plants with carving Rosalind on their barks; hangs odes upon hawthorns, and elegies on brambles; all, forsooth, deifying the name of Rosalind: if I could meet that fancy-monger, I would give him some good counsel, for he seems to have the quotidian of love upon him.

*Orl.* I am he that is so love-shaked; I pray you, tell me your remedy.

*Ros.* There is none of my uncle's marks upon you: he taught me how to know a man in love; in which cage of rushes, I am sure, you are not prisoner.

*Orl.* What were his marks?

*Ros.* A lean cheek; which you have not: a blue eye: <sup>33)</sup> and sunken; which you have not: an unquestionable spirit; <sup>34)</sup> which you have not: a beard neglected; which you have not; but I pardon you for that; for, simply, your having <sup>35)</sup> in beard is a younger brother's revenue: — Then your hose should be ungarter'd, <sup>36)</sup> your bonnet unbanded, your sleeve unbuttoned, your shoe untied, and every thing about you demonstrating a careless desolation. But you are no such man; you are rather point-device <sup>37)</sup> in your accoutrements; as loving yourself, than seeming the lover of any other.

*Orl.* Fair youth, I would I could make thee believe I love.

*Ros.* Me believe it? you may as soon make her that you love believe it; which, I warrant, she is apter to do, than to confess she does; that is one of the points in the which women still give the lie to their consciences. But, in good sooth, are you he that hangs the verses on the trees, wherein Rosalind is so admired?

*Orl.* I swear to thee, youth, by the white hand of Rosalind, I am that he, that unfortunate he.

*Ros.* But are you so much in love as your rhymes speak?

*Orl.* Neither rhyme nor reason can express how much.

*Ros.* Love is merely a madness; and I tell you, deserves as well a dark house and a whip, as madmen do: and the reason why they are not so punished and cured, is, that the lunacy is so ordinary, that the whippers are in love too: Yet I profess curing it by counsel.

*Orl.* Did you ever cure any so?

*Ros.* Yes, one; and in this manner. He was to imagine me his love, his mistress; and I set him every day to woo me: At which time would I, being but a moonish youth, <sup>38)</sup> grieve, be effeminate, changeable, longing, and liking; proud, fantastical, apish, shallow, inconstant, full of tears, full of smiles; for every passion something, and for no passion truly any thing, as boys and women are for the most part cattle of this colour: would now like him, now loath him; then entertain him, then forswear

him; now weep for him, then spit at him; that I drave my suitor from his mad humour of love, to a living humour of madness; which was, to forswear the full stream of the world, and to live in a nook merely monastic: And thus I cured him; and this way will I take upon me to wash your liver as clean as a sound sheep's heart, that there shall not be one spot of love in't.

*Orl.* I would not be cured, youth.

*Ros.* I would cure you, if you would but call me Rosalind, and come every day to my cote, and woo me.

*Orl.* Now, by the faith of my love, I will; tell me where it is.

*Ros.* Go with me to it, and I'll show it you; and, by the way, you shall tell me where in the forest you live: Will you go?

*Orl.* With all my heart, good youth.

*Ros.* Nay, you must call me, Rosalind: — Come, sister, will you go? [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE III.

*Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY; <sup>39)</sup> JAQUES at a distance, observing them.*

*Touch.* Come apace, good Audrey; I will fetch up your goats, Audrey: And how, Audrey? am I the man yet? Doth my simple feature content you?

*Aud.* Your features! Lord warrant us! what features?

*Touch.* I am here with thee and thy goats, as the most capricious poet, honest Ovid, was among the Goths. <sup>40)</sup>

*Jaq.* O knowledge ill-inhabited! <sup>41)</sup> worse than Jove in a thatched house! [*Aside.*]

*Touch.* When a man's verses cannot be understood, nor a man's good wit seconded with the forward child, understanding, it strikes a man more dead than a great reckoning in a little room: — <sup>42)</sup> Truly, I would the gods had made thee poetical.

*Aud.* I do not know what poetical is: Is it honest in deed, and word? Is it a true thing?

*Touch.* No, truly; for the truest poetry is the most feigning; and lovers are given to poetry; and what they swear in poetry, may be said, as lovers, they do feign.

*Aud.* Do you wish then, that the gods had made me poetical?

*Touch.* I do, truly, for thou swear'st to me, thou art honest; now, if thou wert a poet, I might have some hope thou didst feign.

*Aud.* Would you not have me honest?

*Touch.* No, truly, unless thou wert hard-favour'd: for honesty coupled to beauty, is to have honey a sauce to sugar.

*Jaq.* A material fool! <sup>43)</sup> [*Aside.*]

*Aud.* Well, I am not fair; and therefore I pray the gods make me honest!

*Touch.* Truly, and to cast away honesty upon a foul slut, were to put good meat into an unclean dish.

*Aud.* I am not a slut, though I thank the gods I am foul. <sup>44)</sup>

*Touch.* Well, praised be the gods for thy foulness! sluttishness may come hereafter. But be it as it may be, I will marry thee, and to that end, I have been with Sir Oliver Mar-text, the vicar of the next village; who hath promised to meet me in this place of the forest, and to couple us.

*Jaq.* I would fain see this meeting. [*Aside.*]

*Aud.* Well, the gods give us joy!

*Touch.* Amen. A man may, if he were of a fearful heart, stagger in this attempt; for here we have no temple but the wood, no assembly but horn-

beasts. But what though? <sup>45)</sup> Courage! As horns are odious, they are necessary. It is said, — Many a man knows no end of his goods: right: many a man has good horns, and knows no end of them. Well, that is the dowry of his wife; 'tis none of his own getting. Horns? Even so: — Poor men alone? — No, no; the noblest deer hath them as huge as the rascal. <sup>46)</sup> Is the single man therefore blessed? No: as a wall'd town is more worthier than a village, so is the forehead of a married man more honourable than the bare brow of a bachelor: and by how much defence <sup>47)</sup> is better than no skill, by so much is a horn more precious than to want.

*Enter Sir OLIVER MAR-TEXT.*

Here comes Sir Oliver: — <sup>48)</sup> Sir Oliver Mar-text, you are well met: Will you dispatch us here under this tree, or shall we go with you to your chapel?

*Sir Oli.* Is there none here to give the woman?

*Touch.* I will not take her on gift of any man.

*Sir Oli.* Truly, she must be given, or the marriage is not lawful.

*Jaq.* [*Discovering himself.*] Proceed, proceed; I'll give her.

*Touch.* Good even, good master *What ye call't*: How do you, sir? You are very well met: God'ild you <sup>49)</sup> for your last company: I am very glad to see you: — Even a toy in hand here, sir: — Nay; pray, be cover'd.

*Jaq.* Will you be married, motley?

*Touch.* As the ox hath his bow, <sup>50)</sup> sir, the horse his curb, and the falcon her bells, so man hath his desires; and as pigeons bill, so wedlock would be nibbling.

*Jaq.* And will you, being a man of your breeding, be married under a bush, like a beggar? Get you to church, and have a good priest that can tell you what marriage is: this fellow will but join you together as they join wainscot: then one of you will prove a shrunk pannel, and, like green timber, warp, warp.

*Touch.* I am not in the mind, but I were better to be married of him than of another: for he is not like to marry me well; and not being well married, it will be a good excuse for me hereafter to leave my wife. [*Aside.*]

*Jaq.* Go thou with me, and let me counsel thee.

*Touch.* Come, sweet Audrey;

We must be married, or we must live in bawdry.

Farewell, good master Oliver!

Not — O sweet Oliver,

O brave Oliver,

Leave me not behi' <sup>51)</sup> thee;

But — Wind away,

Begone I say,

I will not to wedding wi' <sup>52)</sup> thee.

[*Exeunt JAQUES, TOUCHSTONE, and AUDREY.*]

*Sir Oli.* 'Tis no matter; ne'er a fantastical knave of them all shall flout me out of my calling. [*Exit.*]

## SCENE IV.

*The same. Before a Cottage.*

*Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.*

*Ros.* Never talk to me, I will weep.

*Cel.* Do, I pr'ythee; but yet have the grace to consider, that tears do not become a man.

*Ros.* But have I not cause to weep?

*Cel.* As good cause as one would desire; therefore weep.

*Ros.* His very hair is of the dissembling colour.

*Cel.* Something browner than Judas's: <sup>53)</sup> marry, his kisses are Judas's own children.

*Ros.* I'faith, his hair is of a good colour. <sup>54)</sup>

*Cel.* An excellent colour: your chesnut was ever the only colour.

*Ros.* And his kissing is as full of sanctity as the touch of holy bread. <sup>55)</sup>

*Cel.* He hath bought a pair of cast lips of Diana: a nun of winter's sisterhood kisses not more religiously; the very ice of chastity is in them.

*Ros.* But why did he swear he would come this morning, and comes not?

*Cel.* Nay, certainly, there is no truth in him.

*Ros.* Do you think so?

*Cel.* Yes: I think he is not a pick-purse, nor a horse-stealer; but for his verity in love, I do think him as concave as a cover'd goblet, <sup>56)</sup> or a worm-eaten nut.

*Ros.* Not true in love?

*Cel.* Yes, when he is in; but, I think he is not in.

*Ros.* You have heard him swear downright, he was.

*Cel.* *Was* is not *is*: besides, the oath of a lover is no stronger than the word of a tapster; they are both the confirmers of false reckonings: He attends here in the forest on the duke your father.

*Ros.* I met the duke yesterday, and had much question <sup>57)</sup> with him: he asked me of what parentage I was; I told him, of as good as he; so he laugh'd, and let me go. But what talk we of fathers, when there is such a man as Orlando?

*Cel.* O, that's a brave man! he writes brave verses, speaks brave words, swears brave oaths, and breaks them bravely, quite traverse, athwart <sup>58)</sup> the heart of his lover; <sup>59)</sup> as a puny tilter, that spurs his horse but on one side, breaks his staff like a noble goose: but all's brave, that youth mounts, and folly guides: — Who comes here?

*Enter CORIN.*

*Cor.* Mistress, and master, you have oft enquired After the shepherd that complain'd of love; Who you saw sitting by me on the turf, Praising the proud disdainful shepherdess That was his mistress.

*Cel.* Well, and what of him?

*Cor.* If you will see a pageant truly play'd, Between the pale complexion of true love, And the red glow of scorn and proud disdain, Go hence a little, and I shall conduct you, If you will mark it.

*Ros.* O, come, let us remove; The sight of lovers feedeth those in love: — Bring us unto this sight, and you shall say I'll prove a busy actor in their play. [*Exeunt.*]

## SCENE V.

*Another part of the Forest.*

*Enter SILVIUS and PHEBE.*

*Sil.* Sweet Phebe, do not scorn me; do not, Phebe: Say, that you love me not: but say not so In bitterness: The common executioner, Whose heart the accustom'd sight of death makes hard, Falls not the axe upon the humbled neck, But first begs pardon; Will you sterner be Than he that dies and lives by bloody drops?

*Enter ROSALIND, CELIA, and CORIN, at a distance.*

*Phe.* I would not be thy executioner; I fly thee, for I would not injure thee. Thou tell'st me there is murder in mine eye: 'Tis pretty, sure, and very probable: <sup>60)</sup>

That eyes, — that are the fraill'st and softest things,  
Who shut their coward gates on atomies, —  
Should be call'd tyrants, butchers, murderers!  
Now I do frown on thee with all my heart;  
And, if mine eyes can wound, now let them kill thee;  
Now counterfeit to swoon; why now fall down;  
Or, if thou canst not, O, for shame, for shame,  
Lie not, to say mine eyes are murderers.  
Now show the wound mine eyes hath made in thee;  
Scratch thee but with a pin, and there remains  
Some scar of it; lean but upon a rush,  
The cicatrice and capable impressure<sup>61</sup>)  
Thy palm some moment keeps: but now mine eyes,  
Which I have darted at thee, hurt thee not;  
Nor, I am sure, there is no force in eyes  
That can do hurt.

*Sil.* O dear Phebe,  
If ever, (as that ever may be near,)  
You meet in some fresh cheek the power of fancy,<sup>62</sup>)  
Then shall you know the wounds invisible  
That love's keen arrows make.

*Phe.* But, till that time,  
Come not thou near me: and, when that time comes,  
Afflict me with thy mocks, pity me not;  
As till that time, I shall not pity thee.

*Ros.* And why, I pray you? [*Advancing.*] Who  
might be your mother,<sup>63</sup>)  
That you insult, exult, and all at once,  
Over the wretched? What though you have<sup>64</sup>) more  
beauty,

(As, by my faith, I see no more in you  
Than without candle may go dark to bed,)  
Must you be therefore proud and pitiless;  
Why, what means this? Why do you look on me?  
I see no more in you, than in the ordinary  
Of nature's sale-work: —<sup>65</sup>) Od's my little life!  
I think, she means to tangle my eyes too: —  
No, 'faith, proud mistress, hope not after it;  
'Tis not your inky brows, your black silk hair,  
Your bugle eye-balls, nor your cheek of cream,  
That can entame my spirits to your worship. —  
You foolish shepherd, wherefore do you follow her,  
Like foggy south, puffing with wind and rain?  
You are a thousand times a properer man,  
Than she a woman: 'Tis such fools as you,  
That make the world full of ill-favour'd children:  
'Tis not her glass, but you, that flatters her;  
And out of you she sees herself more proper,  
Than any of her lineaments can show her. —  
But, mistress, know yourself; down on your knees,  
And thank heaven, fasting, for a good man's love:  
For I must tell you friendly in your ear, —  
Sell when you can; you are not for all markets:  
Cry the man mercy; love him; take his offer:  
Foul is most foul, being foul to be a scoffer.<sup>66</sup>)  
So, take her to thee, shepherd; — fare you well.

*Phe.* Sweet youth, I pray you chide a year toge-  
ther;

I had rather hear you chide, than this man woo.  
*Ros.* He's fallen in love with her foulness, and  
she'll fall in love with my anger: If it be so, as  
fast as she answers thee with frowning looks, I'll  
saucy her with bitter words. — Why look you so  
upon me?

*Phe.* For no ill will I bear you.

*Ros.* I pray you, do not fall in love with me,  
For I am falser than vows made in wine:  
Besides, I like you not: If you will know my house,  
'Tis at the tuft of olives, here hard by: —  
Will you go, sister? — Shepherd, ply her hard: —  
Come, sister — Shepherdess, look on him better,  
And be not proud; though all the world could see,  
None could be so abus'd in sight as he.<sup>67</sup>)

Come, to our flock.

[*Exeunt ROSALIND, CELIA, and CORIN.*]

*Phe.* Dead shepherd! now I find thy saw of might;  
*Who ever lov'd, that lov'd not at first sight?*<sup>68</sup>)

*Sil.* Sweet Phebe, —  
*Phe.* Ha! what say'st thou, Silvius?

*Sil.* Sweet Phebe, pity me.  
*Phe.* Why, I am sorry for thee, gentle Silvius.

*Sil.* Wherever sorrow is, relief would be;  
If you do sorrow at my grief in love,  
By giving love, your sorrow and my grief  
Were both extermin'd.

*Phe.* Thou hast my love; Is not that neighbourly?  
*Sil.* I would have you.

*Phe.* Why, that were covetousness.  
Silvius, the time was, that I hated thee;

And yet it is not, that I bear thee love:  
But since that thou canst talk of love so well,  
Thy company, which erst was irksome to me,  
I will endure: and I'll employ thee too:  
But do not look for further recompense,  
Than thine own gladness that thou art employ'd.

*Sil.* So holy, and so perfect is my love,  
And I in such a poverty of grace,  
That I shall think it a most plenteous crop  
To glean the broken ears after the man  
That the main harvest reaps: loose now and then  
A scatter'd smile, and that I'll live upon.

*Phe.* Know'st thou the youth that spoke to me  
ere while?

*Sil.* Not very well, but I have met him oft;  
And he hath bought the cottage and the bounds,  
That the old carlot<sup>69</sup>) once was master of.

*Phe.* Think not I love him, though I ask for him;  
'Tis but a peevish boy: —<sup>70</sup>) yet he talks well;  
But what care I for words? yet words do well,  
When he that speaks them pleases those that hear.  
It is a pretty youth: — not very pretty: —  
But, sure, he's proud; and yet his pride becomes him:  
He'll make a proper man: The best thing in him  
Is his complexion; and faster than his tongue  
Did make offence, his eye did heal it up.

<sup>71</sup>) He is not tall; yet for his years he's tall:  
His leg is but so so; and yet it is well:  
There was a pretty redness in his lip;  
A little riper and more lusty red

Than that mix'd in his cheek; 'twas just the difference  
Betwixt the constant red, and mingled damask.  
There be some women, Silvius, had they mark'd him  
In parcels as I did, would have gone near  
To fall in love with him: but, for my part,  
I love him not, nor hate him not; and yet  
I have more cause to hate him than to love him:  
For what had he to do to chide at me?

He said, mine eyes were black, and my hair black;  
And, now I am remember'd, scorn'd at me;  
I marvel, why I answer'd not again:  
But that's all one; omittance is no quittance.

I'll write to him a very taunting letter,  
And thou shalt bear it; Wilt thou, Silvius?

*Sil.* Phebe, with all my heart.

*Phe.* I'll write it straight;  
The matter's in my head, and in my heart:  
I will be bitter with him, and passing short:  
Go with me, Silvius. [*Exeunt.*]

## ACT IV.

SCENE I. *The same.*

*Enter ROSALIND, CELIA, and JAQUES.*

*Jaq.* I pry'thee, pretty youth, let me be better  
acquainted with thee.

*Ros.* They say you are a melancholy fellow.

*Jaq.* I am so; I do love it better than laughing.

*Ros.* Those, that are in extremity of either, are  
abominable fellows; and betray themselves to every  
modern censure, worse than drunkards.

*Jaq.* Why, 'tis good to be sad and say nothing.

*Ros.* Why then, 'tis good to be a post.

*Jaq.* I have neither the scholar's melancholy, which  
is emulation; nor the musician's, which is fantastical;  
nor the courtier's, which is proud; nor the soldier's,  
which is ambitious; nor the lawyer's, which is poli-  
tic; nor the lady's, which is nice;<sup>1</sup>) nor the lo-  
ver's, which is all these; but it is a melancholy of  
mine own, compounded of many simples, extracted  
from many objects: and, indeed, the sundry contem-  
plation of my travels, in which my often rumination  
wraps me, is a most humorous sadness.<sup>2</sup>)

*Ros.* A traveller! By my faith, you have great  
reason to be sad: I fear you have sold your own  
lands, to see other men's; then, to have seen much,  
and to have nothing, is to have rich eyes and poor  
hands.

*Jaq.* Yes, I have gained my experience.

*Enter ORLANDO.*

*Ros.* And your experience makes you sad: I had  
rather have a fool to make me merry, than experi-  
ence to make me sad; and to travel for it too.

*Orl.* Good day, and happiness, dear Rosalind!

*Jaq.* Nay then, God be wi' you, an you talk in  
blank verse. [*Exit.*]

*Ros.* Farewell, monsieur traveller; Look, you lisp,  
and wear strange suits; disable<sup>3</sup>) all the benefits  
of your own country; be out of love with your  
nativity, and almost chide God for making you that  
countenance you are; or I will scarce think you  
have swam in a gondola. —<sup>4</sup>) Why, how now, Or-  
lando! where have you been all this while? You a  
lover? — An you serve me such another trick, ne-  
ver come in my sight more.

*Orl.* My fair Rosalind, I come within an hour of  
my promise.

*Ros.* Break an hour's promise in love? He that  
will divide a minute into a thousand parts, and break  
but a part of the thousandth part of a minute in  
the affairs of love, it may be said of him, that  
Cupid hath clap'd him o'the shoulder, but I warrant  
him heart-whole.

*Orl.* Pardon me, dear Rosalind.

*Ros.* Nay, an you be so tardy, come no more in  
my sight; I had as lief be woo'd of a snail.

*Orl.* Of a snail?

*Ros.* Ay; of a snail; for though he comes slowly,  
he carries his house on his head; a better jointure,  
I think, than you can make a woman: Besides, he  
brings his destiny with him.

*Orl.* What's that?

*Ros.* Why, horns; which such as you are fain to  
be beholden to your wives for: but he comes armed  
in his fortune, and prevents the slander of his wife.

*Orl.* Virtue is no horn-maker; and my Rosalind is  
virtuous.

*Ros.* And I am your Rosalind.

*Cel.* It pleases him to call you so; but he hath a  
Rosalind of a better leer than you.<sup>5</sup>)

*Ros.* Come, woo me, woo me; for now I am in a  
holiday humour, and like enough to consent: —  
What would you say to me now, an I were your  
very very Rosalind?

*Orl.* I would kiss, before I spoke.

*Ros.* Nay, you were better speak first; and when  
you were gravelled for lack of matter, you might  
take occasion to kiss. Very good orators, when

they are out, they will spit; and for lovers, lacking  
(God warn us!) matter, the cleanliest shift is to kiss.

*Orl.* How, if the kiss be denied?

*Ros.* Then she puts you to entreaty, and there  
begins new matter.

*Orl.* Who could be out, being before his belov'd  
mistress?

*Ros.* Marry, that should you, if I were your mis-  
tress: or I should think my honesty ranker than my  
wit.

*Orl.* What, of my suit?

*Ros.* Not out of your apparel, and yet out of your  
suit. Am not I your Rosalind?

*Orl.* I take some joy to say you are, because I  
would be talking of her.

*Ros.* Well, in her person, I say — I will not have  
you.

*Orl.* Then in mine own person, I die.

*Ros.* No, faith, die by attorney. The poor world  
is almost six thousand years old, and in all this  
time there was not any man died in his own per-  
son, *videlicet*, in a love-cause. Troilus had his  
brains dashed out with a Grecian club; yet he did  
what he could to die before; and he is one of the  
patterns of love. Leander, he would have lived  
many a fair year, though Hero had turned nun, if  
it had not been for a hot midsummer-night; for  
good youth, he went but forth to wash him in the  
Hellespont, and being taken with the cramp, was  
drowned, and the foolish chroniclers of that age  
found it was — Hero of Sestos. But these are all  
lies; men have died from time to time, and worms  
have eaten them, but not for love.

*Orl.* I would not have my right Rosalind of this  
mind; for, I protest, her frown might kill me.

*Ros.* By this hand, it will not kill a fly: But come,  
now I will be your Rosalind in a more coming-on  
disposition; and ask me what you will, I will grant it.

*Orl.* Then love me, Rosalind.

*Ros.* Yes, faith will I, Fridays, and Saturdays,  
and all.

*Orl.* And wilt thou have me?

*Ros.* Ay, and twenty such.

*Orl.* What say'st thou?

*Ros.* Are you not good?

*Orl.* I hope so.

*Ros.* Why then, can one desire too much of a  
good thing? — Come, sister, you shall be the priest,  
and marry us. — Give me your hand, Orlando: —  
What do you say, sister?

*Orl.* Pray thee, marry us.

*Cel.* I cannot say the words.

*Ros.* You must begin, — *Will you, Orlando,* —

*Cel.* Go to: — *Will you, Orlando,* have to wife  
this Rosalind?

*Orl.* I will.

*Ros.* Ay, but when?

*Orl.* Why now; as fast as she can marry us.

*Ros.* Then you must say, — *I take thee, Rosa-  
lind, for wife.*

*Orl.* I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.

*Ros.* I might ask you for your commission; but, —  
I do take thee, Orlando, for my husband: There a  
girl goes before the priest; and, certainly, a woman's  
thought runs before her actions.

*Orl.* So do all thoughts; they are winged.

*Ros.* Now tell me, how long you would have her,  
after you have possessed her.

*Orl.* For ever, and a day.

*Ros.* Say a day, without the ever: No, no, Or-  
lando; men are April when they woo, December  
when they wed: maids are May when they are  
maids, but the sky changes when they are wives.



## SCENE II.

Another part of the Forest.

Enter JAQUES and LORDS, in the habit of Foresters.

Jaq. Which is he that killed the deer?

1 Lord. Sir, it was I.

Jaq. Let's present him to the duke, like a Roman conqueror; and it would do well to set the deer's horns upon his head, for a branch of victory: — Have you no song, forester, for this purpose?

2 Lord. Yes, sir.

Jaq. Sing it; 'tis no matter how it be in tune, so it make noise enough.

Song.

1. What shall he have, that kill'd the deer?
2. His leather skin and horns to wear.

1. Then sing him home:

Take thou no scorn, to wear the horn; { The rest shall bear this burden.  
It was a crest ere thou wast born.

1. Thy father's father wore it:

2. And thy father bore it:

All. The horn, the horn, the lusty horn,  
Is not a thing to laugh to scorn. [Exit.]

SCENE III. <sup>13</sup>

A Forest.

Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Ros. How say you now? Is it not past two o'clock? And here much Orlando! <sup>14</sup>

Cel. I warrant you, with pure love, and troubled brain, he hath ta'en his bow and arrows, and is gone forth — to his sleep: — Look, who comes here.

Enter SILVIUS.

Sil. My errand is to you, fair youth — My gentle Phebe bid me <sup>15</sup> give you this:

[Giving a letter.]

I know not the contents; but as I guess, By the stern brow, and waspish action Which she did use as she was writing of it, It bears an angry tenour: pardon me, I am but as a guiltless messenger.

Ros. Patience herself would startle at this letter, And play the swaggerer; bear this, bear all: She says, I am not fair; that I lack manners; She calls me proud; and, that she could not love me Were man as rare as Phoenix; Od's my will! Her love is not the hare that I do hunt: Why writes she so to me? — Well, shepherd, well, This is a letter of your own device.

Sil. No, I protest, I know not the contents; Phebe did write it.

Ros. Come, come, you are a fool, And turn'd into the extremity of love.

I saw her hand: she has a leathern hand, A freestone colour'd hand; I verily did think That her old gloves were on, but 'twas her hands; She has a huswife's hand: but that's no matter: I say, she never did invent this letter: This is a man's invention, and his hand.

Sil. Sure, it is hers.

Ros. Why, 'tis a boisterous and a cruel style, A style for challengers; why, she defies me, Like Turk to Christian; woman's gentle brain Could not drop forth such giant-rude invention, Such Ethiop words, blacker in their effect Than in their countenance — Will you hear the letter?

Sil. So please you, for I never heard it yet; Yet heard too much of Phebe's cruelty.

Ros. She Phebes me: Mark how the tyrant writes.

X.

I will be more jealous of thee than a Barbary cock-pigeon over his hen; more clamorous than a parrot against rain; more new-fangled than an ape; more giddy in my desires than a monkey: I will weep for nothing, like Diana in the fountain, <sup>6</sup> and I will do that when you are disposed to be merry; I will laugh like a hyen, <sup>7</sup> and that when thou art inclined to sleep.

Orl. But will my Rosalind do so?

Ros. By my life, she will do, as I do.

Orl. O, but she is wise.

Ros. Or else she could not have the wit to do this: the wiser, the waywarder: Make the doors <sup>8</sup> upon a woman's wit, and it will out at the casement; shut that, and 'twill out at the key-hole; stop that, 'twill fly with the smoke out at the chimney.

Orl. A man that had a wife with such a wit, he might say, — *Wit whither wilt?* <sup>9</sup>

Ros. Nay, you might keep that check for it, till you met your wife's wit going to your neighbour's bed.

Orl. And what wit could wit have to excuse that?

Ros. Marry, to say, — she came to seek you there. You shall never take her without her answer, unless you take her without her tongue. O, that woman that cannot make her fault her husband's occasion, <sup>10</sup> let her never nurse her child herself, for she will breed it like a fool.

Orl. For these two hours, Rosalind, I will leave thee.

Ros. Alas, dear love, I cannot lack thee two hours.

Orl. I must attend the duke at dinner; by two o'clock I will be with thee again.

Ros. Ay, go your ways, go your ways; — I knew what you would prove; my friends told me as much, and I thought no less: — that flattering tongue of yours won me: — 'tis but one cast away, and so, — come death. — Two o'clock is your hour?

Orl. Ay, sweet Rosalind.

Ros. By my troth, and in good earnest, and so God mend me, and by all pretty oaths that are not dangerous, if you break one jot of your promise, or come one minute behind your hour, I will think you the most pathological break-promise, <sup>11</sup> and the most hollow lover, and the most unworthy of her you call: Rosalind, that may be chosen out of the gross band of the unfaithful; therefore beware my censure, and keep your promise.

Orl. With no less religion, than if thou wert indeed my Rosalind: So, adieu.

Ros. Well, time is the old justice that examines all such offenders, and let time try: Adieu!

[Exit ORLANDO.]

Cel. You have simply misus'd our sex in your love-prate: we must have your doublet and hose plucked over your head, and show the world what the bird hath done to her own nest.

Ros. O coz, coz, coz, my pretty little coz, that thou didst know how many fathom deep I am in love! But it cannot be sounded; my affection hath an unknown bottom, like the bay of Portugal.

Cel. Or, rather, bottomless; that as fast as you pour affection in, it runs out.

Ros. No, that same wicked bastard of Venus, that was begot of thought, <sup>12</sup> conceived of spleen, and born of madness; that blind rascally boy, that abuses every one's eyes, because his own are out, let him be judge, how deep I am in love: — I'll tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be out of the sight of Orlando: I'll go find a shadow, and sigh till he come.

Cel. And I'll sleep.

[Exit.]

Art thou god to shepherd turn'd, [Reads.]  
That a maiden's heart hath burn'd? —

Can a woman rail thus?

Sil. Call you this railing?

Ros. Why, thy godhead laid apart,  
Warr'st thou with a woman's heart?

Did you ever hear such railing?

Whiles the eye of man did woo me,  
That could do no vengeance <sup>16</sup> to me. —

Meaning me a beast. —

If the scorn of your bright eyne  
Have power to raise such love in mine,  
Alack, in me what strange effect  
Would they work in mild aspect?  
Whiles you chid me, I did love;  
How then might your prayers move?  
He, that brings this love to thee,  
Little knows this love in me:  
And by him seal up thy mind;  
Whether that thy youth and kind <sup>17</sup>  
Will the faithful offer take  
Of me, and all that I can make; <sup>18</sup>  
Or else by him my love deny,  
And then I'll study how to die.

Sil. Call you this chiding?

Cel. Alas, poor shepherd!

Ros. Do you pity him? no, he deserves no pity. — Wilt thou love such a woman? — What, to make thee an instrument, and play false strains upon thee! not to be endured! — Well, go your way to her, (for I see, love hath made thee a tame snake,) <sup>19</sup> and say this to her; — That if she love me, I charge her to love thee: if she will not, I will never have her, unless thou entreat for her. — If you be a true lover, hence, and not a word; for here comes more company. [Exit SILVIUS.]

Enter OLIVER.

Oli. Good-morrow, fair ones: Pray you, if you know Where, in the purlieu of this forest, <sup>20</sup> stands A sheep-cote fenc'd about with olive-trees?

Cel. West of this place, down in the neighbour bottom,

The rank of osiers, by the murmuring stream, Left on your right hand, brings you to the place: But at this hour the house doth keep itself. There's none within.

Oli. If that an eye may profit by a tongue, Then I should know you by description; Such garments, and such years: *The boy is fair, Of female favour, and bestows himself Like a ripe sister: but the woman low, And browner than her brother.* Are not you

The owner of the house I did inquire for?

Cel. It is no boast, being ask'd, to say, we are.

Oli. Orlando doth commend him to you both; And to that youth, he calls his Rosalind, He sends this bloody napkin: <sup>21</sup> Are you he?

Ros. I am: What must we understand by this?

Oli. Some of my shame: if you will know of me What man I am, and how, and why, and where This handkerchief was stain'd.

Cel.

I pray you, tell it.

Oli. When last the young Orlando parted from you, He left a promise return again

Within an hour; and, pacing through the forest, Chewing the food of sweet and bitter fancy, Lo, what befel! he threw his eye aside, And, mark, what object did present itself!

Under an oak, whose boughs were moss'd with age, And high top bald with dry antiquity,

A wretched ragged man, o'ergrown with hair, Lay sleeping on his back: about his neck A green and gilded snake had wreath'd itself, Who with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd The opening of his mouth; but suddenly Seeing Orlando, it unlink'd itself, And with indented glides did slip away Into a bush: under which bush's shade A lioness, with udders all drawn dry, Lay couching, head on ground, with catlike watch, When that the sleeping man should stir; for 'tis The royal disposition of that beast, To prey on nothing that doth seem as dead: This seen, Orlando did approach the man, And found it was his brother, his elder brother.

Cel. O, I have heard him speak of that same brother; And he did render <sup>22</sup> him the most unnatural That liv'd 'mongst men.

Oli. And well he might so do, For well I know he was unnatural.

Ros. But, to Orlando; — Did he leave him there, Food to the suck'd and hungry lioness?

Oli. Twice did he turn his back, and purpos'd so: — But kindness, nobler ever than revenge, And nature, stronger than his just occasion, Made him give battle to the lioness,

Who quickly fell before him; in which hurdling <sup>23</sup> From miserable slumber I awak'd.

Cel. Are you his brother?

Ros. Was it you he rescu'd?

Cel. Was't you that did so oft contrive to kill him?

Oli. 'Twas I; but 'tis not I: I do not shame To tell you what I was, since my conversion So sweetly tastes, being the thing I am.

Ros. But for the bloody napkin? —

Oli. By, and by. When from the first to last, betwixt us two,

Tears our recountments had most kindly bath'd, As, how I came into that desert place; —

In brief, he led me to the gentle duke, Who gave me fresh array, and entertainment, Committing me unto my brother's love;

Who led me instantly unto his cave, There stripp'd himself, and here upon his arm

The lioness had torn some flesh away, Which all this while had bled; and now he fainted, And cry'd, in fainting, upon Rosalind.

Brief, I recover'd him; bound up his wound; And, after some small space, being strong at heart,

He sent me hither, stranger as I am, To tell this story, that you might excuse

His broken promise, and to give this napkin, Dy'd in his blood, unto the shepherd youth

That he in sport doth call his Rosalind.

Cel. Why, how now, Ganymede? sweet Ganymede? [ROSALIND faints.]

Oli. Many will swoon when they do look on blood.

Cel. There is more in it: — Cousin — Ganymede! <sup>24</sup>

Oli. Look, he recovers.

Ros. I would, I were at home.

Cel. We'll lead you thither: — I pray you, will you take him by the arm?

Oli. Be of good cheer, youth: — You a man? — You lack a man's heart.

Ros. I do so, I confess it. Ah, sir, a body would think this was well counterfeited: I pray you, tell your brother how well I counterfeited. — Heigh ho!

Oli. This was not counterfeited; there is too great testimony in your complexion, that it was a passion of earnest.

Ros. Counterfeit, I assure you.

Oli. Well then, take a good heart, and counterfeit to be a man.

X.

*Ros.* So I do: but, i'faith I should have been a woman by right.

*Cel.* Come, you look paler and paler; pray you, draw homewards: — Good sir, go with us.

*Oli.* That will I, for I must bear answer back How you excuse my brother, Rosalind.

*Ros.* I shall devise something: But, I pray you, Commend my counterfeiting to him: — Will you go? [Exeunt.]

## ACT V.

SCENE I. *The same.*

Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY.

*Touch.* We shall find a time, Audrey; patience, gentle Audrey.

*Aud.* 'Faith, the priest was good enough, for all the old gentleman's saying.

*Touch.* A most wicked Sir Oliver, Audrey, a most vile Mar-text. But, Audrey, there is a youth here in the forest lays claim to you.

*Aud.* Ay, I know who 'tis; he hath no interest in me in the world: here comes the man you mean.

Enter WILLIAM.

*Touch.* It is meat and drink to me to see a clown: By my troth, we that have good wits, have much to answer for; we shall be flouting; we cannot hold.

*Will.* Good even, Audrey.

*Aud.* God ye good even, William.

*Will.* And good even to you, sir.

*Touch.* Good even, gentle friend: Cover thy head, cover thy head; nay, pr'ythee, be covered. How old are you, friend?

*Will.* Five and twenty, sir.

*Touch.* A ripe age: Is thy name William?

*Will.* William, sir.

*Touch.* A fair name: wast born i'the forest here?

*Will.* Ay, sir, I thank God.

*Touch.* Thank God; — a good answer: Art rich?

*Will.* 'Faith, sir, so, so.

*Touch.* So, so, is good, very good, very excellent good: — and yet it is not; it is but so, so. Art thou wise?

*Will.* Ay, sir, I have a pretty wit.

*Touch.* Why, thou say'st well. I do now remember a saying; *The fool doth think he is wise, but the wise man knows himself to be a fool.* The heathen philosopher, when he had a desire to eat a grape, would open his lips when he put it into his mouth; meaning thereby, that grapes were made to eat, and lips to open. You do love this maid?

*Will.* I do, sir.

*Touch.* Give me your hand: Art thou learned?

*Will.* No, sir.

*Touch.* Then learn this of me; To have, is to have: For it is a figure in rhetoric, that drink, being poured out of a cup into a glass, by filling the one doth empty the other: For all your writers do consent, that *ipse* is he; now you are not *ipse*, for I am he.

*Will.* Which he, sir?

*Touch.* He, sir, that must marry this woman: Therefore, you clown, abandon, — which is in the vulgar, leave, — the society, — which in the boorish is company, — of this female, — which in the common is, — woman, which together is, abandon the society of this female: or, clown, thou perishest; or, to thy better understanding, diest; to wit, <sup>1)</sup> I kill thee, make thee away, translate thy life into death, thy liberty into bondage: I will deal in poi-

son with thee, or in bastinado, or in steel; I will bandy with thee in faction; I will o'er-run thee with policy; I will kill thee a hundred and fifty ways; therefore tremble, and depart.

*Aud.* Do, good William.

*Will.* God rest you merry, sir. [Exit.]

Enter CORIN.

*Cor.* Our master and mistress seek you; come, away, away.

*Touch.* Trip, Audrey, trip, Audrey; — I attend, I attend. [Exeunt.]

## SCENE II.

*The same.*

Enter ORLANDO and OLIVER.

*Orl.* Is't possible, that on so little acquaintance you should like her? that, but seeing, you should love her? and, loving, woo? and, wooing, she should grant? and will you persevere to enjoy her?

*Oli.* Neither call the giddiness of it in question, the poverty of her, the small acquaintance, my sudden wooing, nor her sudden consenting; but say with me, I love Aliena; say, with her, that she loves me; consent with both, that we may enjoy each other; it shall be to your good; for my father's house, and all the revenue that was old sir Rowland's, will I estate upon you, and here live and die a shepherd.

Enter ROSALIND.

*Orl.* You have my consent. Let your wedding be to-morrow: thither will I invite the duke, and all his contented followers: Go you, and prepare Aliena: for, look you, here comes my Rosalind.

*Ros.* God save you, brother.

*Oli.* And you, fair sister. <sup>2)</sup>

*Ros.* O, my dear Orlando, how it grieves me to see thee wear thy heart in a scarf.

*Orl.* It is my arm.

*Ros.* I thought, thy heart had been wounded with the claws of a lion.

*Orl.* Wounded it is, but with the eyes of a lady.

*Ros.* Did your brother tell you how I counterfeited to swoon, when he showed me your handkerchief?

*Orl.* Ay, and greater wonders than that.

*Ros.* O, I know where you are: — Nay, 'tis true: there was never any thing so sudden, but the fight of two rams, and Cæsar's thrasonical brag of — *I came, saw, and overcame*: For your brother and my sister no sooner met, but they looked; no sooner looked, but they loved; no sooner loved, but they sighed; no sooner sighed, but they asked one another the reason; no sooner knew the reason, but they sought the remedy: and in these degrees have they made a pair of stairs to marriage, which they will climb incontinent, or else be incontinent before marriage; they are in the very wrath of love, and they will together; clubs cannot part them. <sup>3)</sup>

*Orl.* They shall be married to-morrow; and I will bid the duke to the nuptial. But O, how bitter a thing it is to look into happiness through another man's eyes! By so much the more shall I to-morrow be at the height of heart-heaviness, by how much I shall think my brother happy, in having what he wishes for.

*Ros.* Why then, to-morrow I cannot serve your turn for Rosalind?

*Orl.* I can live no longer by thinking.

*Ros.* I will weary you no longer then with idle talking. Know of me then (for now I speak to

some purpose,) that I know you are a gentleman of good conceit: I speak not this, that you should bear a good opinion of my knowledge, insomuch, I say, I know you are; neither do I labour for a greater esteem than may in some little measure draw a belief from you, to do yourself good, and not to grace me. Believe then, if you please, that I can do strange things: I have, since I was three years old, conversed with a magician, most profound in this art, and not yet damnable. If you do love Rosalind so near the heart as your gesture cries it out, when your brother marries Aliena, shall you marry her: — I know into what straits of fortune she is driven; and it is not impossible to me, if it appear not inconvenient to you, to set her before your eyes to-morrow, human as she is, <sup>4)</sup> and without any danger.

*Orl.* Speakest thou in sober meanings?

*Ros.* By my life, I do; which I tender dearly, though I say I am a magician: Therefore, put you in your best array, bid your friends; <sup>5)</sup> for if you will be married to-morrow, you shall; and to Rosalind, if you will.

Enter SILVIUS and PHEBE.

Look, here comes a lover of mine, and a lover of hers.

*Phe.* Youth, you have done me much ungentleness, To show the letter that I writ to you.

*Ros.* I care not, if I have: it is my study, To seem despiteful and ungentle to you:

You are there follow'd by a faithful shepherd;

Look upon him, love him; he worships you.

*Phe.* Good shepherd, tell this youth what 'tis to love.

*Sil.* It is to be all made of sighs and tears; —

And so am I for Phebe.

*Phe.* And I for Ganymede.

*Orl.* And I for Rosalind.

*Ros.* And I for no woman.

*Sil.* It is to be all made of faith and service; —

And so am I for Phebe.

*Phe.* And I for Ganymede.

*Orl.* And I for Rosalind.

*Ros.* And I for no woman.

*Sil.* It is to be all made of phantasy,

All made of passion, and all made of wishes;

All adoration, duty, and observance,

All humbleness, all patience, and impatience,

All purity, all trial, all observance; <sup>6)</sup>

And so am I for Phebe.

*Phe.* And so am I for Ganymede.

*Orl.* And so am I for Rosalind.

*Ros.* And so am I for no woman.

*Phe.* If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

[To ROSALIND.]

*Sil.* If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

[To PHEBE.]

*Orl.* If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

*Ros.* Who do you speak to, *why blame you me to love you?*

*Orl.* To her, that is not here, nor doth not hear.

*Ros.* Pray you, no more of this; 'tis like the howling of Irish wolves against the moon. — I will help you, [to SILVIUS] if I can: — I would love you, [to PHEBE] if I could. — To-morrow meet me all together. — I will marry you, [to PHEBE] if ever I marry woman, and I'll be married to-morrow: — I will satisfy you, [to ORLANDO] if ever I satisfied man, and you shall be married to-morrow: — I will content you, [to SILVIUS] if what pleases you contents you, and you shall be married to-morrow. — As you [to ORLANDO] love Rosalind, meet; — as you [to SILVIUS] love Phebe, meet; And as I love no woman,

I'll meet. — So, fare you well; I have left you commands.

*Sil.* I'll not fail, if I live.

*Phe.* Nor I.

*Orl.* Nor I. [Exeunt.]

## SCENE III.

*The same.*

Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY.

*Touch.* To-morrow is the joyful day, Audrey; to-morrow will we be married.

*Aud.* I do desire it with all my heart: and I hope it is no dishonest desire, to desire to be a woman of the world. <sup>7)</sup> Here comes two of the banished duke's pages.

Enter two Pages.

*1 Page.* Well met, honest gentleman.

*Touch.* By my troth, well met: Come, sit, sit, and a song.

*2 Page.* We are for you: sit i'the middle.

*1 Page.* Shall we clap into't roundly, without hawking, or spitting, or saying we are hoarse; which are the only prologues to a bad voice?

*2 Page.* 'Faith, i'faith; and both in a tune, like two gypsies on a horse.

Song.

I.

*It was a lover and his lass,  
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,  
That o'er the green corn-field did pass  
In the spring time, the only pretty rank time,  
When birds do sing, hey ding a ding, ding;  
Sweet lovers love the spring.*

II.

*Between the acres of the rye,  
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,  
These pretty country folks would lie,  
In spring time, &c.*

III.

*This carol they began that hour,  
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,  
How that a life was but a flower  
In spring time, &c.*

IV.

*And therefore take the present time,  
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino;  
For love is crowned with the prime  
In spring time, &c.*

*Touch.* Truly, young gentlemen, though there was no greater matter in the ditty, yet the note was very untuneable. <sup>8)</sup>

*1 Page.* You are deceived, sir; we kept time, we lost not our time.

*Touch.* By my troth, yes; I count it but time lost to hear such a foolish song. God be with you; and God mend your voices! Come, Audrey. [Exeunt.]

## SCENE IV.

*Another part of the Forest.*

Enter DUKE SENIOR, AMIENS, JAQUES, ORLANDO, OLIVER, and CELIA.

*Duke S.* Dost thou believe, Orlando, that the boy can do all this that he hath promised?

*Orl.* I sometimes do believe, and sometimes do not; As those that fear they hope, and know they fear. <sup>9)</sup>

Enter ROSALIND, SILVIUS, and PHEBE.

Ros. Patience once more, whiles our compact is urg'd: —

You say, if I bring in your Rosalind, [To the DUKE.]  
You will bestow her on Orlando here?

Duke S. That would I, had I kingdoms to give with her.

Ros. And you say, you will have her, when I bring her? [To ORLANDO.]

Orl. That would I, were I of all kingdoms king.

Ros. You say, you'll marry me, if I be willing? [To PHEBE.]

Phe. That will I, should I die the hour after.

Ros. But, if you do refuse to marry me, You'll give yourself to this most faithful shepherd?

Phe. So is the bargain.

Ros. You say, that you'll have Phebe, if she will? [To SILVIUS.]

Sil. Though to have her and death were both one thing.

Ros. I have promis'd to make all this matter even. Keep you your word, O duke, to give your daughter; —

You yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter: —

Keep your word, Phebe, that you'll marry me; Or else, refusing me, to wed this shepherd: —

Keep your word, Silvius, that you'll marry her, If she refuse me: — and from hence I go, To make these doubts all even.

[Exeunt ROSALIND and CELIA.]

Duke S. I do remember in this shepherd-boy Some lively touches of my daughter's favour.

Orl. My lord, the first time that I ever saw him, Methought he was a brother to your daughter:

But, my good lord, this boy is forest-born; And hath been tutor'd in the rudiments

Of many desperate studies by his uncle, Whom he reports to be a great magician, Obscured in the circle of this forest.

Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY.

Jaq. There is, sure, another flood toward, and these couples are coming to the ark! Here comes a pair of very strange beasts, which in all tongues are called fools.

Touch. Salutation and greeting to you all!

Jaq. Good, my lord, bid him welcome; This is the motley-minded gentleman, that I have so often met in the forest: he hath been a courtier, he swears.

Touch. If any man doubt that, let him put me to my purgation. I have trod a measure; <sup>10</sup>) I have flattered a lady; I have been politic with my friend, smooth with mine enemy; I have undone three tailors; I have had four quarrels, and like to have fought one.

Jaq. And how was that ta'en up?

Touch. Faith, we met, and found the quarrel was upon the seventh cause.

Jaq. How seventh cause? — Good, my lord, like this fellow.

Duke S. I like him very well.

Touch. God'ild you, sir; <sup>11</sup>) I desire you of the like. I press in here, sir, amongst the rest of the country copulatives, to swear, and to forswear; according as marriage binds, and blood breaks: — <sup>12</sup>)

A poor virgin, sir, an ill-favoured thing, sir, but mine own; a poor humour of mine, sir, to take that that no man else will: Rich honesty dwells like a miser, sir, in a poor-house; as your pearl, in your foul oyster.

Duke S. By my faith, he is very swift and sententious.

Touch. According to the fool's bolt, sir, and such dulcet diseases. <sup>13</sup>)

Jaq. But, for the seventh cause: how did you find the quarrel on the seventh cause?

Touch. Upon a lie seven times removed: — Bear your body more seeming, <sup>14</sup>) Audrey: — as thus, sir, I did dislike the cut of a certain courtier's beard; he sent me word, if I said his beard was not cut well, he was in the mind it was: This is called the *Retort courteous*. If I sent him word again, it was not well cut, he would send me word, he cut it to please himself: this is called the *Quip modest*. If again, it was not well cut, be disabled my judgment: This is called the *Reply churlish*. If again, it was not well cut, he would answer, I spake not true: This is call'd the *Reproof valiant*. If again, it was not well cut, he would say, I lie: This is call'd the *Countercheck quarrelsome*; and so to the *Lie circumstantial*, and the *Lie direct*.

Jaq. And how oft did you say, his beard was not well cut?

Touch. I durst go no further than the *Lie circumstantial*, nor he durst not give me the *Lie direct*; and so we measured swords, and parted.

Jaq. Can you nominate in order now the degrees of the lie?

Touch. O, sir, we quarrel in print, by the book: <sup>15</sup>) as you have books for good manners: I will name you the degrees. The first, the *Retort courteous*; the second, the *Quip modest*; the third, the *Reply churlish*; the fourth, the *Reproof valiant*; the fifth, the *Countercheck quarrelsome*; the sixth, the *Lie with circumstance*; the seventh, the *Lie direct*. All these you may avoid, but the *lie direct*; and you may avoid that too, with an *If*. I knew when seven justices could not take up a quarrel; but when the parties were met themselves, one of them thought but of an *If*, as *If you said so, then I said so*; And they shook hands, and swore brothers. Your *If* is the only peace-maker; much virtue in *If*.

Jaq. Is not this a rare fellow, my lord? he's as good at any thing, and yet a fool.

Duke S. He uses his folly like a stalking-horse, and under the presentation of that, he shoots his wit.

Enter HYMEN, <sup>16</sup>) leading ROSALIND in woman's clothes; and CELIA.

Still Music.

Hym. *Then is there mirth in heaven,  
When earthly things made even  
Atone together.*

*Good duke, receive thy daughter,  
Hymen from heaven brought her,  
Yea, brought her hither;  
That thou might'st join her hand with his,  
Whose heart within her bosom is.*

Ros. To you I give myself, for I am yours. [To DUKE S.]

To you I give myself, for I am yours. [To ORLANDO.]

Duke S. If there be truth in sight, you are my daughter.

Orl. If there be truth in sight, you are my Rosalind.

Phe. If sight and shape be true, Why then, — my love, adieu!

Ros. I'll have no father, if you be not he: — [To DUKE S.]

I'll have no husband, if you be not he: — [To ORLANDO.]

Nor ne'er wed woman, if you be not she. [To PHEBE.]

Hym. Peace, ho! I bar confusion:  
'Tis I must make conclusion

Of these most strange events:  
Here's eight that must take hands,  
To join in Hymen's bands,  
If truth holds true contents. <sup>17</sup>)

You and you no cross shall part:

[To ORLANDO and ROSALIND.]

You and you are heart in heart:

[To OLIVER and CELIA.]

You [to PHEBE] to his love must accord,

Or have a woman to your lord: —

You and you are sure together,

[To TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY.]

As the winter to foul weather,

Whiles a wedlock hymn we sing,

Feed yourselves with questioning;

That reason wonder may diminish,

How thus we met, and these things finish.

Song.

*Wedding is great Juno's crown;  
O blessed bond of board and bed!*

*'Tis Hymen peoples every town;*

*High wedlock then be honoured;*

*Honour, high honour and renown,*

*To Hymen, god of every town!*

Duke S. O my dear niece, welcome thou art to me; Even daughter, welcome in no less degree.

Phe. I will not eat my word, now thou art mine: Thy faith my fancy to thee doth combine. <sup>18</sup>)

[To SILVIUS.]

Enter JAQUES DE BOIS.

Jaq. de B. Let me have audience for a word or two, I am the second son of old sir Rowland,

That bring these tidings to this fair assembly: — Duke Frederick, hearing how that every day Men of great worth resorted to this forest,

Address'd a mighty power; which were on foot, In his own conduct, purposely to take

His brother here, and put him to the sword: And to the skirts of this wild wood he came;

Where, meeting with an old religious man, After some question with him, was converted

Both from his enterprize, and from the world: His crown bequeathing to his banish'd brother,

And all their lands restor'd to them again That were with him exil'd: This to be true, I do engage my life.

Duke S. Welcome, young man; Thou offer'st fairly to thy brothers' wedding:

To one, his lands withheld; and to the other, A land itself at large, a potent dukedom.

First, in this forest, let us do those ends That here were well begun, and well begot:

And after, every of this happy number, That have endur'd shrewd days and nights with us,

Shall share the good of our returned fortune, According to the measure of their states.

Meantime, forget this new-fall'n dignity,

And fall into our rustic revelry: — Play, music; — and you brides and bridegrooms all, With measure heap'd in joy, to the measures fall.

Jaq. Sir, by your patience; if I heard you rightly, The duke hath put on a religious life, And thrown into neglect the pompous court?

Jaq. de B. He hath.

Jaq. To him will I: out of these convertites There is much matter to be heard and learn'd. — You to your former honour I bequeath; [To DUKE S.] Your patience, and your virtue, well deserves it: — You [to ORLANDO] to a love, that your true faith doth merit: —

You [to OLIVER] to your land, and love, and great allies: —

You [to SILVIUS] to a long and well deserved bed; — And you [to TOUCHSTONE] to wrangling: for thy loving voyage Is but for two months victual'd: — So to your pleasures;

I am for other than for dancing measures.

Duke S. Stay, Jaques, stay.

Jaq. To see no pastime, I: — <sup>19</sup>) what you would have I'll stay to know at your abandon'd cave. [Exit.]

Duke S. Proceed, proceed: we will begin these rites, And we do trust they'll end, in true delights. [A dance.]

#### EPILOGUE.

Ros. It is not the fashion to see the lady the epilogue: but it is no more unhandsome, than to see the lord the prologue. If it be true, that *good wine needs no bush*, <sup>20</sup>) 'tis true, that a good play needs no epilogue: Yet to good wine they do use good bushes; and good plays prove the better by the help of good epilogues. What a case am I in then, that am neither a good epilogue, nor cannot insinuate with you in the behalf of a good play? I am not furnished like a beggar, <sup>21</sup>) therefore to beg will not become me: my way is, to conjure you; and I'll begin with the women. I charge you, O women, for the love you bear to men, to like as much of this play as please them: <sup>22</sup>) and so I charge you, O men, for the love you bear to women, (as I perceive by your simpering, none of you hate them,) that between you and the women, the play may please. If I were a woman, <sup>23</sup>) I would kiss as many of you as had beards that pleased me, complexions that liked me, <sup>24</sup>) and breaths that I defied not; and, I am sure, as many as have good beards, or good faces, or sweet breaths, will, for my kind offer, when I make curt'sy, bid me farewell. [Exeunt.]